SAFETY

Victoria and the UVic campus are generally very safe, but it is important to be aware of available resources and the actions you can take to stay healthy and avoid hazardous situations while studying at UVic.

Resources

Emergency Assistance
In Canada, you can report an emergency anytime and anywhere by phoning 9-1-1. An operator will ask you to choose police, fire, or ambulance and will ask what city you are in. Try to stay calm and speak clearly. Interpreting services are available on request. The operator will put you on hold while they transfer you. Do not hang up!

More information about emergency assistance is available at www.uvic.ca/emergency.

Non-Emergency Assistance
HealthLink BC provides non-emergency health information and advice. Access this service anytime by phoning 8-1-1 or by visiting www.healthlinkbc.ca. Interpreting services are available on request.

The following on-campus units provide resources to support your health and safety:

- Campus Security Services: www.uvic.ca/security
- Counselling Services: www.uvic.ca/counselling
- Equity and Human Rights: www.uvic.ca/equity
- Multifaith Services: www.uvic.ca/multifaith
- Office of Student Life: www.uvic.ca/studentlife
- University Health Services: www.uvic.ca/health

Actions

Emergency Planning
Do you know what to do before, during, and after an emergency? Planning ahead will help you stay safe when the time comes. Information is available at www.crd.bc.ca/prepare-yourself/get-prepared and www.uvic.ca/services/emergency.

Register for UVic Emergency Alerts at www.uvic.ca/alerts and update your contact information on UVic My Page.

Outdoor Activities

- Consult the British Columbia (BC) Cycling Coalition’s website for information about safe riding practices and cycling courses for adults and children: www.bikesense.bc.ca.
- Cyclists are required by law to wear a helmet at all times and to use both a front headlight and a rear light at night.
- Victoria is surrounded by ocean and has several lakes, so we encourage all students to learn about water safety.
- Swimming in the ocean and in lakes is different from swimming in pools and is often more challenging. Be aware of your abilities and limitations.
- Vikes Recreation offers swimming lessons for adults and children: www.vikesrec.ca.
- Boaters are required by law to carry marine safety equipment. Check the forecast before setting out, and pay attention to the weather. Be alert for wave, wind, and cloud changes that signal bad weather approaching.
- Plan carefully before going on a hike. Make sure you are physically fit enough to enjoy your hiking activity. Wear proper clothing and footwear. Carry water and food. Let someone know where you are going and when you plan to return. Carry a mobile phone, but be aware that you may not get service in some areas.
Theft Prevention
Record serial or identity numbers and engrave or mark valuable items. Keep your passport and important documents at home and in a safe place. Do not leave your belongings unattended in public places. It only takes a few seconds for them to disappear. Bicycle theft is common, so invest in a solid lock.

Home Safety
Do not put your name or address on your keys. Replace locks if your keys are lost or stolen. Never let a stranger into your home. Keep your doors and windows locked. A smoke alarm is a very important piece of safety equipment. It is designed to alert you to fires so you can escape. Make sure your home has a smoke alarm. Test the smoke alarm every month, replace the batteries once a year, keep it clear of dust, and do not disable it, cover it, or paint over it.

Vehicle Safety
If you intend to drive a vehicle in BC, consult the Insurance Corporation of British Columbia (ICBC) website: www.icbc.com. Do not use a handheld device such as a mobile phone while driving. Do not accept rides from strangers or offer a ride to someone you just met. Do not drive while intoxicated. It is a very serious offence in Canada. Do not leave valuables visible inside a vehicle. Store them in the trunk. When a vehicle is not in use, keep the doors, windows, sunroof, and trunk closed and locked. Always wear a seatbelt!

Alcohol and Drugs
In Canada, it is against the law to use, buy, or sell illegal drugs. Many Canadians consider the consumption of marijuana to be socially acceptable, but recreational consumption has not yet been legalized (as of August 2018). The consumption of alcohol is legal, but it is against the law to carry open alcohol in public places or in a vehicle. Each province and territory sets its own legal drinking age. In BC, the legal drinking age is 19. You will need government issued photo identification to enter bars and pubs. Never leave your drink unattended and do not accept drinks from strangers. Please remember that each of us is responsible for our behaviour and for any bad decisions we make, even if we are intoxicated.

Personal Safety
Do not give personal information like your name, address, or telephone number to a stranger. When meeting someone new, ask a friend to join you or plan to meet in a public place. Trust your instincts. If you feel uncomfortable or unsafe, leave immediately. When walking after dark, plan your route. Keep your head up and be aware of your surroundings. If possible, walk with someone you know and trust. Learn the location of phones on campus that direct dial to Campus Security Services and make use of their Safe Haven, Safe Walk, and Campus Alone programs: www.uvic.ca/security.

Relationships
Cultural differences and language barriers can sometimes lead to communication challenges and misinterpreted behaviours. When you start dating someone, be clear about your limits and respect their limits. NO means NO! If you feel scared or unsafe, if you want someone to stop touching you, or if you want a relationship to end, say NO. Be direct and firm. No one has the right to contact you or touch you after you tell them to stop. We encourage all students to learn about sexualized violence prevention and awareness: www.uvic.ca/studentlife/initiatives/sexualized-violence/index.php.

Fraud Prevention
Attempted fraud is often referred to as a scam. Scams can happen over the telephone, through the mail, by text, by email, online, or in person. Most scams ask for money or sensitive personal information, which can be used to steal your identity. Once someone has stolen your identity, they can access your accounts and take your money. Scams often appear to come from well-known and trusted businesses, financial institutions, or government agencies. Sometimes, they even appear to come from UVic. Learn more about fraud and how you can protect yourself: www.antifraudcentre-centreantifraude.ca.