These guidelines are subject to annual revision. Students follow those regulations that are in effect when they first register in their specific graduate program (Masters or PhD). For Faculty of Graduate Studies regulations, see the University Calendar at https://www.uvic.ca/calendar/index.php

The resources and regulations are compiled here to help guide many aspects of your training as a graduate student and to provide the transparency that we are striving to achieve in our graduate student program.

Good names to know:

- **Department Chair**: Steve Lindsay (psychair@uvic.ca)
- **Graduate Advisor**: Sarah Macoun (psycgadv@uvic.ca)
- **Graduate Secretary**: Karen Kienapple (psychgrd@uvic.ca)
- **Administrative Officer**: Annette Barath (psycadmn@uvic.ca)

**Psychology Graduate Student Council**

- **Presidents**: Breanna McCreary (bmccreary@uvic.ca), Lauren Quall (lqualls@uvic.ca)
- **Secretary & Treasurer**: Alejandra Contreras (acont@uvic.ca), Erin Lowey (elowey@uvic.ca)
- **Student Event & Engagement Coordinators**: Erin Light (emlight@uvic.ca), Elysia Desgrosseilliers (elysiades@uvic.ca)
- **Program Area Reps**
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  - **Graduate Executive Committee Rep**: Tom Ferguson (Tomferg@uvic.ca)
  - **PSYC Ombuddy**: Maddie Gregory (maddiegregory@uvic.ca)
  - **GSS Rep**: Tom Ferguson (Tomferg@uvic.ca)
  - **CPA Rep**: Maddie Gregory (maddiegregory@uvic.ca)
  - **TAC**: Elysia Desgrosseilliers (elysiades@uvic.ca)
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Information on PGSC roles and contact information for current representatives available at:

**Website**: https://onlineacademiccommunity.uvic.ca/pgsc/

**Email**: pgsc.uvic@gmail.com
1. Table of Contents

2. GENERAL INFORMATION .................................................................................................................. 6

2.1. PURPOSE OF THE GRADUATE TRAINING HANDBOOK .................................................................. 6
2.2. REVISION OF THE HANDBOOK ..................................................................................................... 6
2.3. THE DEPARTMENT’S GRADUATE TRAINING VISION ..................................................................... 6
2.4. DEGREE OFFERED AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTAL REQUIREMENTS AND POLICIES ................ 6

2.4.1. STATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODS REQUIREMENTS ....................................................... 7
2.4.2. CONTINUITY OF REGISTRATION ............................................................................................. 8
2.4.3. DEMONSTRATING PROGRESS AND ANNUAL PROGRESS REVIEW ......................................... 9
2.4.4. CURRICULUM ADVISING AND PROGRAM PLANNING (CAPP) REPORT ................................. 9
2.4.5. PRESENTATION OF CANDIDATES FOR DEGREES .................................................................. 10
2.4.6. AUTHORSHIP CREDIT AND OWNERSHIP AND ACCESS TO DATA ......................................... 10
2.4.7. DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT PREVENTION .............................................................. 10
2.5. AREAS OF TRAINING ....................................................................................................................... 10

2.6. OVERVIEW OF SUPERVISING TEAM ........................................................................................... 11

2.6.1. SUPERVISOR .................................................................................................................................. 11
2.6.2. SUPERVISING COMMITTEE ......................................................................................................... 11

3. RESPONSIBILITIES OF STUDENTS AND SUPERVISING TEAMS ......................................................... 11

3.1. MEETING FREQUENCY ..................................................................................................................... 12

3.1.1. BETWEEN STUDENT AND SUPERVISOR ..................................................................................... 12
3.1.2. BETWEEN STUDENT AND SUPERVISING COMMITTEES ............................................................ 12

3.2. RESPONSIBILITIES OF STUDENTS .................................................................................................. 12

3.2.1. MAKE TIMELY PROGRESS THROUGH THEIR PROGRAM OF TRAINING. ................................ 12
3.2.2. SEEK ADDITIONAL FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES (E.G., EXTERNAL AWARDS). ...................... 13
3.2.3. ENGAGE IN OPEN AND HONEST REFLECTION AND COMMUNICATION ABOUT CAREER GOALS. 13
3.2.4. ADAPT TO THE “FLOW” OF ACADEMIC LIFE ......................................................................... 13
3.2.5. CONTRIBUTE TO AN EXTRAORDINARY LEARNING ENVIRONMENT. ...................................... 14
3.2.6. CONTRIBUTE TO ADVANCING RESEARCH EXCELLENCE AND IMPACT. ............................ 14
3.2.7. PROMPT COMMUNICATION REGARDING VACATION AND/OR LEAVES ................................ 14

3.3. RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUPERVISORS ............................................................................................. 14

3.3.1. PROVIDE TIMELY FEEDBACK ...................................................................................................... 14
3.3.2. SEEK AND SUPPORT PURSUIT OF ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR GRADUATE STUDENTS ........ 15
3.3.3. STRIVE TO FOSTER AUTHENTIC ALIGNMENT OF TRAINING ACTIVITIES WITH STUDENTS’ CAREER GOALS ........................................................................................................... 15
3.3.4. PROVIDE SCAFFOLDING TO THE “FLOW” OF ACADEMIC LIFE. ............................................. 16
3.3.5. CONTRIBUTE TO AN EXTRAORDINARY LEARNING ENVIRONMENT. ...................................... 16
3.3.6. CONTRIBUTE TO ADVANCING RESEARCH EXCELLENCE AND IMPACT. ............................ 16
3.3.7. PROMPT COMMUNICATION AND PLANNING REGARDING VACATION AND/OR LEAVES. .......... 16

3.4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUPERVISING COMMITTEES ..................................................................... 16
4. GRADUATE STUDENT FUNDING POLICIES ............................................................................. 19

4.1. THE DEPARTMENT’S DISTRIBUTED RESPONSIBILITY OF EXTERNAL FUNDING APPROACH ..................................................... 19
4.2. VALUES GUIDING SELECTION OF INTERNAL FELLOWSHIP/AWARD RECIPIENTS ........................................................................... 20
4.2.1. MAXIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF FUNDS BROUGHT INTO THE DEPARTMENT ...................................................................................... 20
4.2.2. MAXIMIZE THE NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO CAN BE FUNDED ........................................................................................................... 20
4.2.3. PRIORITIZE STUDENTS MAKING TIMELY PROGRESS .................................................................................................................. 20
4.2.4. INCENTIVIZE PURSUIT OF EXTERNAL FUNDING ......................................................................................................................... 20
4.2.5. PRIORITIZE STUDENTS FOR ASSISTANT-PROFESSOR LEVEL FACULTY .......................................................................................... 20
4.2.6. PRIORITIZE CURRENT (VS. PROSPECTIVE) AND INTERNATIONAL (VS. DOMESTIC) STUDENTS .............................................................. 21
4.2.7. UTILIZE MERIT-BASED COMPETITIONS TO DISTRIBUTE REMAINING FUNDING ........................................................................... 21
4.2.8. PROTECT THE PROMOTION OF EXCELLENCE ................................................................................................................................. 21
4.3. EVALUATION CRITERIA GUIDING SELECTION OF FELLOWSHIP/AWARD NOMINATIONS AND RECIPIENTS (STUDENTS) ......................................................................................... 21
4.3.1. EVIDENCE/PROMISE OF TIMELY PROGRESS ................................................................................................................................. 21
4.3.2. GPA .......................................................................................................................................................................................... 21
4.3.3. RECENT EVIDENCE OF EXTERNAL FUNDING ATTEMPTS/SUCCESS ................................................................................................... 22
4.3.4. EVIDENCE OF ADVANCING RESEARCH EXCELLENCE AND IMPACT ............................................................................................ 22
4.3.5. EVIDENCE OF PROMOTING DYNAMIC LEARNING ...................................................................................................................... 22
4.3.6. EVIDENCE OF CULTIVATING AN EXTRAORDINARY ACADEMIC ENVIRONMENT .................................................................................. 22
4.3.7. EVIDENCE OF FOSTERING RESPECT AND RECONCILIATION .............................................................................................................. 22
4.4. EVALUATION CRITERIA GUIDING SELECTION OF INTERNAL FELLOWSHIP/AWARD RECIPIENTS (SUPERVISOR) .................................. 23
4.4.1. EVIDENCE OF ENSURING TIMELY PROGRESS ............................................................................................................................... 23
4.4.2. RECENT HISTORY OF EXTERNAL FUNDING ATTEMPTS/SUCCESS (W/ STUDENT FUNDING BUDGET LINES) ............................................ 23
4.4.3. RECENT EVIDENCE OF EXCELLENCE AMONG FORMER TRAINEES ..................................................................................................... 23
4.4.4. EVIDENCE OF CONSISTENCY IN MEETING SUPERVISORY RESPONSIBILITIES ................................................................................... 23
4.5. SOURCES OF FUNDING AND FINANCIAL AID .............................................................................. 24
4.5.1. UNIVERSITY (UVIC) FELLOWSHIPS ............................................................................................................................................... 24
4.5.2. EXTERNAL FELLOWSHIPS ......................................................................................................................................................... 25
4.5.3. PRESIDENT’S RESEARCH SCHOLARSHIPS (PRS) ............................................................................................................................ 27
4.5.4. UVIC AND PSYCHOLOGY DONOR AWARDS .................................................................................................................................. 27
4.5.5. BURSARIES .................................................................................................................................................................................... 28
4.5.6. TEACHING ASSISTANTSHIPS ..................................................................................................................................................... 28
4.5.7. RESEARCH ASSISTANTSHIPS ..................................................................................................................................................... 29
4.5.8. TRAVEL GRANTS ............................................................................................................................................................... 29
4.5.9. OTHER AWARDS ......................................................................................................................................................... 29
4.5.10. ON-CAMPUS EMPLOYMENT ................................................................................................................................................ 30
5. MASTER’S PROGRAM ........................................................................................................30

5.1. MAKEUP OF THE SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE ..........................................................30
5.2. EXTERNAL EXAMINER ...............................................................................................31
5.3. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR MASTER’S STUDENTS .......................................31
5.3.1. SUMMARY OF MASTER’S REQUIREMENTS .........................................................31
5.3.2. NUMBER OF UNITS REQUIRED .........................................................................31
5.3.3. RESEARCH APPRENTICESHIP ...........................................................................31
5.3.4. STATISTICS COURSES .......................................................................................31
5.3.5. CHALLENGE OF REQUIREMENTS ....................................................................32
5.4. THESIS, ORAL EXAMINATION, AND SUBMISSION OF THESIS ................................32
5.5. TIME LIMITS FOR MASTER’S DEGREE COMPLETION .............................................34
5.5.1. REQUESTS FOR EXTENSION TO COMPLETE THE MASTER’S DEGREE ..........34
5.5.2. IMPACT OF DELAYED PROGRESS ON FUNDING ...........................................34
5.6. PROMOTION FROM MASTER’S TO DOCTORAL PROGRAM ......................................34

6. DOCTORAL PROGRAM .....................................................................................................34

6.1. SUPERVISORY COMMITTEE .........................................................................................34
6.2. EXTERNAL EXAMINER ...............................................................................................35
6.3. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS .........................................................................................35
6.3.1. SUMMARY OF DOCTORAL REQUIREMENTS ....................................................35
6.3.2. NUMBER OF UNITS REQUIRED .........................................................................35
6.3.3. RESEARCH APPRENTICESHIP, PSYC 502 .........................................................36
6.3.4. STATISTICS/METHODS COURSES ....................................................................36
6.3.5. SPECIFIC PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS ...............................................................36
6.3.6. CHALLENGING REQUIREMENTS ......................................................................36
6.3.7. LANGUAGE EXAMINATION .................................................................................36
6.3.8. CANDIDACY EXAMINATION ............................................................................36
6.4. DISSERTATION, ORAL DEFENCE, AND SUBMISSION OF DISSERTATION ...............38
6.5. TIME LIMITS FOR PhD DEGREE COMPLETION ......................................................41

7. APPENDIX A: RESEARCH APPRENTICESHIP (PSYC 502) ...........................................42

8. APPENDIX B: FORMAT FOR MASTER’S THERES & PhD DISSERTATIONS ..................43

9. APPENDIX C: AUTHORSHIP CREDIT & OWNERSHIP OF AND ACCESS TO DATA ...........46

10. APPENDIX D: PREVENTION AND RESPONSE TO DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT .....50

11. APPENDIX E: SEXUALIZED VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE ....................51

WHAT IS SEXUALIZED VIOLENCE? ..............................................................................51
### 12. **APPENDIX F: GRADUATE STUDENT REPRESENTATIVE AND LEADERSHIP ROLES IN THE DEPARTMENT** .................................................................55

### 13. **APPENDIX G: PREPARING TO DEFEND YOUR THESIS OR DISSERTATION** .................................................................57

### 14. **APPENDIX H: MENTAL HEALTH RESOURCES FOR GRADUATE STUDENTS** .................................................................61

### 15. **APPENDIX I: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE: AREAS AND INDIVIDUALIZED PROGRAMS** ........63

#### 15.1. **COGNITION AND BRAIN SCIENCES** .................................................................63

15.1.1. **ADDITIONAL CABS M.Sc. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................63

15.1.2. **ADDITIONAL CABS PH.D. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................63

15.1.3. **ELECTIVE CABS COURSES** .................................................................63

#### 15.2. **LIFESPAN, HEALTH, AND DEVELOPMENT** .................................................................63

15.2.1. **ADDITIONAL LIFESPAN M.Sc. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................63

15.2.2. **ADDITIONAL LIFESPAN PH.D. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................64

15.2.3. **ELECTIVE LIFESPAN COURSES** .................................................................64

15.2.4. **ADDITIONAL NOTES FOR LIFESPAN STATISTICS/METHODS REQUIREMENT** .................................................................64

#### 15.3. **SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY** .................................................................64

15.3.1. **ADDITIONAL SOCIAL M.Sc. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................64

15.3.2. **ADDITIONAL SOCIAL PH.D. REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................65

15.3.3. **ADDITIONAL NOTES ON SOCIAL COURSE OFFERINGS** .................................................................65

#### 15.4. **CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY** .................................................................65

15.4.1. **CLINICAL TRAINING** .................................................................65

15.4.2. **UNDERGRADUATE COMPETENCE REQUIREMENTS** .................................................................65

#### 15.5. **INDIVIDUALIZED PROGRAMS** .................................................................66
2. General Information

2.1. Purpose of the Graduate Training Handbook
In accordance with the Faculty of Graduate Studies Graduate Supervision Policy (hereafter, Policy, particularly sections 5.9-5.11), the purpose of this Graduate Training Handbook (hereafter, the Handbook) is to make explicit important expectations, policies, and processes involved throughout the course of graduate training in the Department of Psychology (hereafter, the Department). Graduate training is an intensive experience, both for the graduate student and their advisor(s). The Handbook is intended to help ensure that all involved in the graduate training experience understand what is expected of them, and what to expect of others—a set of standard operating procedures and policies. In doing so, the Handbook, Policy, and the Graduate Calendar (hereafter, the Calendar) should be consulted to guide transparency in expectations or if concerns or disagreements arise among Student(s), Supervisor(s), Supervisory Committee Member(s), and/or relevant Staff and Administrator(s) (i.e., the Graduate Secretary, Chair, and the Graduate Advisor).

2.2. Revision of the Handbook
Revision of the Handbook may occur through one of two typical processes. The first of these processes is following review by the Department’s Graduate Executive Committee (GEC). As a primary goal of the Handbook is to provide structure for what Students, Supervisors, and Committee Members should expect, the GEC will review the Handbook every 3 years (i.e., once every term for the Graduate Advisor), so that policies are reviewed with some regularity, but not changed so frequently as to create confusion. This process will be initiated by the Graduate Advisor during the last year of their term and may involve other GEC members.

The second of these processes is through a successfully passed Motion at a Departmental Meeting. These motions may occur at any Departmental Meeting, and should follow the process of transparent communication regarding new motions to be considered. Motions to revise the Handbook may be made by either faculty or student representatives.

Updates to the Handbook relevant to (a) new and approved calendar changes to graduate programs (and therefore bear less on matters of policy) and (b) departmental contact names, are made by the Graduate Secretary each year.

2.3. The Department’s Graduate Training Vision
In keeping with the University of Victoria’s Strategic Framework, the Department endeavors to create and maintain an Extraordinary and Dynamic learning environment for graduate training in Psychology. Specifically, the Department aspires to promote excellence by supporting student(s) learning of (1) current psychological concepts and theories; (2) cutting-edge methodological and analytical practices (3) and effective scholarly, clinical, and/or pedagogical skills, in order to pursue success in careers as autonomous scholars, clinicians, teachers, entrepreneurs, consultants, industry or government employees, etc.

2.4. Degree Offered and General Departmental Requirements and Policies
The intent and structure of graduate education in Psychology is directed toward the doctoral degree. Although some students may enter their programs with a pre-existing Masters degree,
upon completion of university and departmental requirements the student will typically obtain a Master of Science degree during the first two years of graduate work. It is noted in the calendar that in no case will a degree be awarded in less than twelve consecutive months from the time of first registration. The Faculty of Graduate Studies admits students with Bachelor’s degrees to a Master’s program; nevertheless, the transition to the Doctoral program is treated as a new admission and requires the recommendation of the student’s supervisor (and program faculty, in the case of the clinical program; see Handbook 5.6).

2.4.1. **Statistics and Research Methods Requirements**

2.4.1.1. **Masters-Level Statistics and Research Methods Requirements**

Masters students are required to complete 3.0 units of statistics within their first two years. These units are to be chosen from the following list:

- PSYC 513 Quantitative Analysis (Special topics - variable content; e.g., Structural Equation Modelling)
- PSYC 518 Psychometric Methods
- PSYC 532 General Linear Model: Univariate
- PSYC 533 General Linear Model: Multivariate
- PSYC 534 Univariate Design and Analysis
- PSYC 537 Multilevel Modeling
- PSYC 560 Research Methods in Lifespan Psychology
- PSYC 564 Advanced Analysis of Change and Variation in Lifespan Development
- PSYC 574A: Cognitive Methods: EEG and ERP
- PSYC 574B: Cognitive Methods: fMRI
- PSYC 574C: Cognitive Methods: Computational Modeling
- PSYC 578: Research Methods in Clinical Psychology
- MATH 352, 422, 423, 452;
- STAT 350, 450, 563 (Topics in Applied Statistics)
  - Students interested in taking a course in the MATH or STAT department should ensure that they have very strong math/stats skills before they attempt one of these courses.
- Other UVic graduate-level statistics courses with the permission of the student’s supervisory committee.

2.4.1.2. **Ph.D.-Level Statistics and Research Methods Requirements**

Doctoral students entering their degree from a MSc program are required (before submitting their dissertation proposals) to complete 3 additional units, chosen from the above (statistics) list and/or the following (research methods) list:

- PSYC 517 Research methods in psychology (variable content, but methods not statistics)
- PSYC 527 Research methods in social psychology
- PSYC 541 Research design and methods in neuropsychology
- PSYC 569 Special topics in life-span development (when focussed on design & statistical analyses)
- PSYC 587 Applied behavioural analysis
- ADMN 537 Program evaluation (Public Administration)
- BIOL 509A Neurobiology seminar, BIOL 509C Neurobiology laboratory
● Other UVic graduate-level statistics or methods courses with the permission of the student’s supervisory committee

2.4.1.3. **Additional Notes on Statistics and Research Methods Requirements**

● For students starting a MSc or PhD as of 9/2010, PSYC 561 Theories and methods in lifespan development can no longer be counted as a stats/methods requirement (due to changes in course content). As of May 2012, PSYC 560 is the required lifespan methods course.

● Clinical students have more specific Stats and Methods course requirements and should consult their Clinical Manual.

● Students who enter with a Master’s degree must meet the requirements above, but they may receive credit for equivalent courses taken elsewhere. To receive such credit, written permission must be obtained from the Graduate Advisor, with a copy of such permission placed in the student’s departmental file. To request credit, the student will be required to demonstrate competence by providing detailed documentation about the course they have taken. (Note: Faculty of Graduate Studies does not accept course challenge.)

● Students, with the approval of their supervisory committees, may substitute a statistics or methods course offered by another department. For this purpose, a change graduate course form needs to be processed [https://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/assets/docs/pdfs/forms/coursechangeform.pdf] To receive credit for such substitution, students must obtain written permission from the Graduate Executive Committee before taking the course, with a copy of such permission placed in the student’s departmental file. The substitution will be noted on the student’s CAPP.

2.4.2. **Continuity of Registration**

Students are required either to register in every term (including the summer) from the time of admission until the requirements for the degree have been met, or to withdraw in accordance with policy laid out in the Calendar (see Continuity of Registration policy). To maintain status as a full-time grad student, you must be registered in a minimum of 3.0 units in each term (including the summer). This may include the following: 599 (thesis), 693 (candidacy exam), 699 (dissertation), clinical practica (e.g., 503, 505, 603), or 606 (internship).

Students who do not register in a session or who fail to formally withdraw will be considered to have abandoned their program and that program will be terminated. Except in extraordinary circumstances, Abandoned/Terminated programs will not be reactivated.

Students who wish to have their program reactivated must do so by submitting a letter of appeal to the Dean of Graduate Studies and the Chair of the Department. Readmission requires the approval of the Faculty of Graduate Studies and the Chair in consultation with the Graduate Advisor and/or Graduate Executive Committee. In the case of students who were enrolled in the clinical program, approval of the Director of Clinical Training and the Standing Committee on Clinical Training is also required.
2.4.3. **Demonstrating Progress and Annual Progress Review**

At the end of each academic year, usually in April or May, each student’s progress in their program is reviewed. Students in all programs are evaluated by their supervisors; students in the clinical programs are also evaluated by the Clinical Faculty (SCCT) through an additional and separate process. The supervisor should consult with other members of the student’s supervisory committee, and if necessary, with individual course instructors when specific questions about performance on courses arise.

The annual progress review is conducted through the completion of online forms through a program called Psycltrak (psytrack.uvic.ca/gen/f?p=133:9:4397093920720:::). Students are expected to update their information each year (Note: Please indicate the year to which each entry applies. Do not delete any information from the forms as the deletion is permanent and the record will be lost). Their supervisors should then access the updated record, add comments, and save or print a copy of the review. Students and their supervisors are to meet in-person to discuss the evaluation prior to final submission of the report to the Graduate Advisor. These records are kept on a secure server. If the supervisor indicates a need for a formal departmental evaluation, the GEC will review the graduate student’s progress, and the Graduate Advisor will communicate the results of this review to the student and to the supervisor, with one of the following recommendations:

a. The student shall be advised that progress is satisfactory.
b. The student shall be advised that progress is unsatisfactory with specific suggestions for improvement noted.
c. The student shall be required to withdraw from the program.

Under usual circumstances, a student who has not maintained a GPA of at least 5.0 (B), or who has not met the time limit requirements for their degree, will be warned or may be required to withdraw. Note that if a graduate student receives a grade below B, their registration will be blocked, and the Department must review the student’s status and make a recommendation to the Dean of Graduate Studies as to whether the student should be required to repeat the course, take a replacement course, or raise their GPA in order to be allowed to continue in the program. See [Academic Regulation: Performance](#).

2.4.4. **Curriculum Advising and Program Planning (CAPP) Report**

A CAPP Report is a computer-generated form that is used as an advising tool, a student record-of-progress, and a graduation checklist. It is managed by Graduate Admissions and Records, and is updated by the Graduate Secretary as necessary. The CAPP lists program requirements, courses/requirements completed, and the units required to complete the degree. Students can access this report online by signing in to My Page and selecting the ‘Degree Evaluation’ option on the ‘Grades & Records’ tab under ‘Student Services’. To avoid surprises, it is best to meet with the Graduate Secretary to review your CAPP in the term immediately preceding completion of each degree.

When submitting your application for graduation from My Page you will review and accept your CAPP as an accurate depiction of your completed program.
2.4.5. **Presentation of Candidates for Degrees**
The recommendation that a student be awarded a degree is made to the Dean of the Faculty of Graduate Studies. The recommendation to the Dean is in the form of a letter, accompanying the thesis, signed by the student’s supervisor and by the Chair of the Department, to the effect that the candidate has completed the courses listed on the student’s CAPP form, and that the thesis or dissertation has been successfully defended and accepted by the Committee. The departmental Graduate Secretary prepares this letter and, with the Graduate Advisor, ensures that the CAPP accurately reflects the completed requirements comprising the student’s degree program.

The recommendation is taken to the FGS via the Executive Committee of the Faculty of Graduate Studies and from there to the Senate. The Registrar is notified and, in turn, notifies the successful candidate that he or she is to be awarded the respective degree.

2.4.6. **Authorship Credit and Ownership and Access to Data**
For authorship guidelines, please refer to Appendix C. It is important that the student and the faculty member discuss authorship at the beginning of their research collaboration.

All data collected under the auspices of UVic belong to UVic, and not to individuals. Specifically, data collected by a student, with or for a faculty member, for a course, for an independent research project (alone or with another student), or for a thesis or dissertation, belong to the University. Data therefore must be accessible to all individuals involved with the data (e.g., students and faculty members), and these individuals must abide by the rules and regulations regarding collection and storage of data, as outlined in the University, APA, and Tri-Council documents. In short, data must be kept secure, confidential and/or anonymous (as stipulated in the application to the UVic Human Research Ethics Board for the specific project). Students should note that it is always the faculty member supervising the project who is ultimately responsible for the management, security, and dissemination of the data.

2.4.7. **Discrimination and Harassment Prevention**
The University of Victoria is committed to providing an environment that affirms and promotes the dignity of human beings of diverse backgrounds and needs. The policy prohibiting harassment ensures that all members of the University community - its students, faculty, staff and visitors - have the right to participate equally in activities at the University without fear of harassment. The Policy is to be interpreted in a way that is consistent with these goals, with the principles of fairness, and with the responsible exercise of academic freedom as set out in the University of Victoria Framework Agreement. Appendix D provides additional information and resources related to discrimination and harassment prevention and response.

2.5. **Areas of Training**
Faculty interests are generally concentrated in the areas of (1) cognition & brain sciences, (2) lifespan health and development, (3) social psychology, and (4) clinical psychology. The student may specialize in any one or a combination of these or related areas of study and is
encouraged to supplement this training with courses outside the Department (e.g., Linguistics, Computer Science). Graduate training in clinical psychology requires special admission procedures and is offered with specialization in clinical neuropsychology or clinical lifespan development. In addition, (5) individualized programs of study may also be arranged (e.g., environmental psychology). More information about each area and individualized programs are available in Appendix H.

2.6. Overview of Supervisory Team

2.6.1. Supervisor
Each incoming student is assigned a supervisor who oversees the student’s program and progress until and including once the supervisory committee is formed (see Handbook, 2.6.2).

If a student who is admitted to the Clinical Psychology program works with a thesis/dissertation research supervisor who is not a clinical faculty member, a clinical faculty member will be assigned as that student’s “clinical program advisor” (CPA). The CPA assists the clinical student with clinical program-related guidance (e.g., navigating practicum applications, reviewing clinical training and internship readiness) and may (but is not required to) sit as a member of the student’s supervisory committee.

2.6.2. Supervisory Committee
Each student shall have a supervisory committee whose duties generally include advising on a program of study and participation in oral defenses (see Handbook 3.4 descriptions of specific responsibilities). The choice of committee members is made at the discretion of the Supervisor in consultation with the student.

When important concerns or decisions are made amongst the Supervisory Committee regarding a student, minutes of the meeting should be recorded, circulated to all members of the committee, and given to the student.

To ensure that both the student and the committee are adequately represented, a quorum for Master’s committee meetings is three people, one of whom may be the student. For Doctoral committee meetings, three people also constitute a quorum, one of whom may be the student, and one of whom must be the outside member of the committee. Changes to the supervisory committee are entered into the student’s electronic record by sending notification to the Graduate Advisor and Graduate Secretary, who will inform Graduate Records.

3. Responsibilities of Students and Supervisory Teams
Deviations from these responsibilities should be explicitly discussed and documented (e.g., via email), in order to ensure transparency, understanding, and accountability of all parties. Students and their Supervisory Teams should also consult UVic’s Faculty of Graduate Studies (FGS) Supervisory Policy for more information.
3.1. Meeting Frequency

3.1.1. Between Student and Supervisor
In keeping with FGS Supervisory Policy (5.9d), students should typically meet with their supervisors at least once every 40 days (i.e., twice per semester). The necessary level of meeting frequency may change over the duration of a student’s program of training, and in some cases even the recommended minimum frequency may not be necessary. Students and supervisors should regularly check in to determine the necessary frequency and document their agreement.

In cases where supervisors have legitimate cause for a more prolonged absence in between meetings (e.g., sabbatical, medical leave, etc.), the supervisor should make arrangements in consultation with their student(s) and the Graduate Advisor to ensure a proximal faculty is available and willing to serve in the interim to fulfill a student’s vital ongoing supervisory needs.

Students should note that they are required to notify their Supervisor(s) in writing should they need to request a prolonged Personal Leave, and make arrangements for the care of ongoing research projects (see the UVic policy on Student Leaves in the Calendar); other forms of Leave (Parental, Medical, Compassionate, with Permission of the Dean) do not formally require advanced notification (unlike the Personal Leave), but Students are encouraged to inform their Supervisor(s) as early as possible while minimizing undue hardship.

3.1.2. Between Student and Supervisory Committees
In keeping with FGS Supervisory Policy (5.9e), students should typically meet with their supervisory committees at least once a year.

In cases where supervisory committee members have legitimate cause for a more prolonged absence, they should consult with the student and supervisor (and when necessary, the Graduate Advisor) to determine a mutually agreeable plan to minimize the disruption to the student’s timely progress through their program of training.

3.2. Responsibilities of Students
The Student is expected to accept the following responsibilities, some of which are shared amongst other members of the Supervisory Team, and others that are unique to the student. These include:

3.2.1. Make timely progress through their program of training.
See Handbook 4.1 for how timely progress is one of the criteria the Department uses to maximize its equitable distribution of funding to students. Failure to make timely progress may also negatively impact the supervisory team’s ability to provide necessary and timely support to the student. Timely progress is defined as completion of the Masters within 3 years (preferably 2), and completion of the Ph.D. in 5 years.

The CAPP form is used to track all program requirements and it can be accessed by the student from My Page. Changes to the CAPP can be made at any time, but must always
be approved by the Department’s Graduate Advisor. Students will review and approve their CAPP at the time of application for graduation (through My Page).

3.2.2. **Seek additional funding opportunities (e.g., external awards).**
See *Handbook 4.1* for details of the Department’s Distributed Responsibility of Funding approach. Students are expected to make substantive attempts to secure funding towards their training program, such as through Tri-Council applications, MITACS partnerships, and other mechanisms.

3.2.3. **Engage in open and honest reflection and communication about career goals.**
The Department is committed to providing students with the training needed to be successful in pursuing their career goals (*Handbook, 2.3*). This is enhanced by a shared understanding between the student and their supervisory team of the student’s career goals, in order to determine the student’s training needs. Students and supervisors, in particular, should annually discuss the student’s professional goal(s), which are subject to change (and may require time to identify), in order to ensure an alignment between training activities and the student’s greater purpose for seeking graduate training.

In some cases, the desired training to support Student career goal pursuit may not, in its entirety, be available locally. Students may therefore need to look outside the Department or the University to identify additional training opportunities (e.g., workshops, conference training sessions, online tutorials) when particular training needs cannot be met locally, and to pursue these opportunities in consultation with the Supervisor.

3.2.4. **Adapt to the “Flow” of Academic Life.**
The cycle of academic life has its own “pulse” and schedule: there are repetitive cycles for writing grant applications, submitting presentations for certain conferences, applying for awards, defending theses and dissertations, etc. Although everyone’s path is unique, it is likely that students will experience some degree of this repetition as well, and notice those around them (e.g., supervisors, class and lab mates, and instructors) are caught up in it too—some periods of time in the year are busier, and others less so. It is therefore essential for students to learn and be mindful of the ebb and flows of the academic year, as they plan their program of study. Incoming Students must also develop an awareness of how academic life as a graduate student differs compared to their experience as an undergraduate student (e.g., a more defined amount of vacation time, *Handbook 3.2.7*).

Please consult the calendar for each year important dates (e.g., for 2020: calendar). Specific deadlines that follow a regular cycle include:

**September:** Orientation of new students and welcome reception. Workshops offered by FGS for CGS-Doctoral award applications throughout the first two weeks. Major Candidacy Exam is held in mid-September for Clinical students.

**October:** First week of October is generally the UVic Internal deadline for CGS-Doctoral award applications.

**November:** Psychology CGS-M application clinic deadline in mid-November for those applicants interested in receiving feedback prior to submission.
December: December 1st is the deadline for CGS-Masters applications.
January:
February: Usually the Faculty of Graduate Studies deadline to apply to graduate for Spring Convocation is in mid-February
March:
April: Annual reports of student’s academic progress are due on PsycTrack.
May: University of Victoria Graduate Awards for Psychology students are due.
June:
July: Usually the Faculty of Graduate Studies deadline to apply to graduate for Fall Convocation is in mid-July.
August: Psychology and UVic Donor Awards are due

3.2.5. Contribute to an Extraordinary Learning Environment.
Cultivating an extraordinary learning environment takes a full community effort. Although students may prioritize their own professional development needs, they are simultaneously expected to look for opportunities to be generous with their knowledge and skills to graduate and undergraduate students around them, and through these activities, demonstrate their potential for mentorship and leadership.

3.2.6. Contribute to Advancing Research Excellence and Impact.
Reflecting the emphasis on research throughout the MSc and PhD programs, students are expected to make a discernible effort contributing to disseminate their research, to see the excellence and impact of their research efforts realized. Dissemination-related activities (e.g., submitting theses and dissertations for publication in journal articles, book chapters, presentations, etc.) should be selected in consultation with the Supervisor.

3.2.7. Prompt communication regarding Vacation and/or Leaves
Students sometimes face circumstances or responsibilities that prevent their typical progress (e.g., a medical condition, caregiving, or parental responsibilities). Policies on the types of leaves available to students, and their effect on the program clock and funding, are outlined in the Calendar, and some require advanced notice be provided to the Supervisor. Students must also follow guidelines in the Calendar (“Vacation for Graduate Students”, “Leaves of Absence with Permission and Withdrawal from Graduate Programs”), for communicating with their Supervisors regarding taking Vacation. It is expected that both Students and Supervisors will correspond promptly around these matters.

3.3. Responsibilities of Supervisors
The Supervisor is expected to accept the following responsibilities, some of which are shared amongst other members of the Supervisory Team, some of which are parallel to Student responsibilities, and others that are unique to the Supervisor. These include:

3.3.1. Provide Timely Feedback.
In keeping with Supervisory Policy 5.9.f, Supervisors should typically return feedback on written academic products (e.g., abstracts, theses, dissertations, papers for submission and re-submission to peer-reviewed journals) in 20 business days or less. Occasional deviations from this threshold should be expected, given the “Flow” of Academic Life
Supervisors should make every effort to bring to the attention of the student periods of slower responsiveness (e.g., nearing the deadline of a major grant, during sabbatical, other leaves), prior to its taking place, so that students can strategically adapt their planning. Frequent, repeated deviations from this threshold, when observed, should be discussed between the Supervisor and Student (and Graduate Advisor, if necessary), in order to plan how to minimize future disruption to the student’s timely progress through their program of training and/or their pursuit of professional excellence.

It is also the responsibility of the Supervisor to review the student’s progress annually through completion of the PsycTrack online forms followed by an individual meeting with the Student to address any areas needing improvement and to provide encouragement and guidance to the student. Clinical Students will also receive an annual review letter (from the Supervisor and DCT). It is the Supervisor’s responsibility to inform the Student and to indicate (via PsycTrack) whether there is a need for a formal evaluation by the GEC.

3.3.2. **Seek and Support Pursuit of Additional Funding for Graduate Students.** See Handbook 4.1 for details of the Department’s Distributed Responsibility of Funding approach. The Supervisor is expected to make substantive attempts to secure internal and external funding that can directly (e.g., through stipends and/or hourly research assistantships) and/or indirectly (e.g., subsidizing student conference travel, funding data collection) support their Students, and to support Students in identifying, applying for, and securing their own financial support. Simultaneously, the **Department** recognizes that Supervisors do not hold “Ultimate” (or even the majority of) responsibility for ensuring that their students are funded, in part owing to the randomness of each granting cycle, and the Student’s own share of their funding experience (Handbook 3.2.2). The Department therefore places a stronger emphasis on application attempts for grant funding.

3.3.3. **Strive to foster authentic alignment of training activities with students’ career goals.** Once a Student’s career goal(s) become clearer (Handbook 3.2.3), it is expected that Supervisors will make a concerted effort to foster opportunities, provide strategic feedback, and connect the Student to helpful resources to aid the Student’s pursuit of their goal(s). When the Student’s career goal(s) depart from the pursuit of an academic career path (e.g., prioritizing work in a business, governmental, and/or therapeutic context, etc., as opposed to prioritizing research and/or teaching), or in a content area outside of their own expertise, Supervisors may find it advantageous to encourage the selection of Supervisory Committee Members (Handbook 2.6.2) with expertise, resources, and connections that are more complimentary to these pursuits. Further, Supervisors may wish to identify and encourage Students to take advantage of outside training opportunities (e.g., workshops, conference training sessions, online tutorials) when particular training needs cannot be met locally.
3.3.4. **Provide Scaffolding to the “Flow” of Academic Life.**
The cycle of academic life has its own “pulse” and schedule: there are repetitive cycles for writing grant applications, submitting presentations for certain conferences, applying for awards, defending theses and dissertations, etc. Graduate students are often initially unfamiliar with the cyclical and ebbing and flowing nature of the academic year; it can be one of the most challenging pieces of “hidden curriculum” for students to learn. Supervisors therefore share the responsibility of helping their students become accustomed to this cycle (e.g., identifying opportunities and resources, communicating norms, helping to plan amidst competing priorities), so that students may more effectively pursue their professional development goals.

3.3.5. **Contribute to an Extraordinary Learning Environment.**
Cultivating an extraordinary learning environment takes a full community effort. Although supervisors often contribute to this mission formally and directly through their roles as instructors, there is much more to an extraordinary learning environment than merely its classrooms. Supervisors are therefore expected to contribute towards shared efforts of fostering a stimulating academic community (e.g., through regular lab meetings, arranging area colloquia, planning invited speakers, etc.).

3.3.6. **Contribute to Advancing Research Excellence and Impact.**
Supervisors should support and scaffold students into becoming more autonomous scholars (e.g., through pursuit of first-authored papers, development of their own original lines of research, etc.).

3.3.7. **Prompt communication and planning regarding Vacation and/or Leaves.**
Faculty should inform their students as soon as possible regarding extended periods of travel (to which Faculty are entitled one month), vacations, and/or formal leaves of absence (e.g., medical leave, parental leave, sabbatical, etc.). Policy governing the terms of each of these absence types is described in the Collective Agreement.

Moreover, it is the supervisor’s responsibility to ensure that precautions have been taken and plans are in place to minimize the impact of their absence on the student (e.g., in terms of scheduling defenses, submitting manuscripts, having supervisory meetings, see also Handbook 3.1.1) when absences are foreseeable. Following Supervisory Policy 7.10, an alternative/interim Supervisor should be secured if the primary Supervisor will be out of effective communication for longer than 40 business days.

3.4. **Responsibilities of Supervisory Committees**
The responsibilities of the supervisory committee members are detailed on the FGS Graduate Supervision Policy section 8.

3.4.1. **Consult on program of study.**
The supervisory committee advises in consultation with the supervisor and student on the appropriate program of study within the constraints of a particular program. The Clinical Program Advisor (CPA) will assist in advising clinical students whose research supervisor is not a member of the clinical program.
3.4.2. **Provide Timely Feedback.**
In keeping with **Supervisory Policy 5.9.f**, Supervisory Committee Members should typically return feedback on written academic products (e.g., abstracts, theses, dissertations, papers for submission to peer-reviewed journals) in **20 business days or less**. Occasional deviations from this threshold should be expected, given the “Flow” of Academic Life (*Handbook 3.2.4 and 3.3.4*). Supervisory Committee Members should make every effort to bring to the attention of the student periods of slower responsiveness (e.g., nearing the deadline of a major grant, during sabbatical), **prior** to its taking place, so that students can strategically adapt their planning. Frequent, repeated deviations from this threshold, when observed, should be discussed between the supervisor and student (and Graduate Advisor, if necessary), in order to plan how to minimize future disruption to the student’s timely progress through their program of training and/or their pursuit of professional excellence.

3.4.3. **Thesis and Dissertation Guidance**
Supervisory Committee Members are expected to:
- Provide guidance throughout the thesis and/or dissertation projects
- Read and evaluate the Student’s proposal, providing timely feedback (i.e., 20 business days or less) (see *Handbook 3.4.2*)
- Evaluate final thesis and/or dissertation documents and oral defences
- If applicable, recommend the candidate for award of degrees (see relevant sections on thesis, dissertation and presentation of candidates for degrees in this document and in the *Calendar*).

3.4.4. **Ph.D. Candidacy Examinations**
Supervisory Committee Members are responsible for:
- Determining, with the candidate, the areas, titles, and content of the candidacy examinations
- Delegating responsibility for construction and assessment of the examinations to the appropriate examiners
- Evaluating the examiners’ recommendations
- Deciding and communicating to the student the examination outcome and consequences
- Notifying the Graduate Advisor of the date when both candidacy examinations are successfully completed.
  - In the case of students enrolled in the clinical program, the clinical candidacy exam occurs annually in September and is set and evaluated by members of the SCCT.

3.4.5. **Supporting the Execution of Student and Supervisor Responsibilities**
Supervisory Committee Members are in the unique position of being able to provide relatively arms-length third party feedback to both Students and Supervisors. If consistent challenges in either the Student’s and/or the Supervisor’s ability(ies) to meet their responsibility(ies) emerges, the Supervisory Committee Members are expected to help identify these emerging patterns, give constructive feedback, problem-solve, and/or consult with the Graduate Advisor (if necessary).
3.5. Failure to meet responsibilities
In circumstances, a Student, Supervisor, or Supervisory Committee Member consistently fails to meet the stipulations of these policies (e.g., meeting frequency) and/or responsibilities (e.g., making timely progress through the program; in the Handbook see 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, and 3.4). Cases such as these are often very complex, and therefore some combination of dynamic and tailor-made problem-solving should be expected. However, the following are some suggested steps (in sequence) that are advisable to follow.

1. The Student/Supervisor/Committee Member should email the Student/Supervisor/Committee Member, in order to schedule a meeting to discuss their concerns (this meeting should be scheduled promptly). If concerns are agreed upon, those participating should feel comfortable proposing some changes to rectify the concerns, and a window of time for appraisal to determine the success of these changes.
   a. An email should be sent to inform the Graduate Advisor after this meeting has taken place
2. If the meeting proves unsatisfactory, or if concerns persist after changes are discussed (and the window of time to appraise their effectiveness has passed), the Student/Supervisor/Committee Member should contact the Graduate Advisor to schedule a meeting during which they can consult regarding next steps
   a. If there is a conflict of interest at this stage, or there are concerns about the relationship between the Student/Supervisor/Committee Member and the Graduate Advisor, the Chair should be considered an acceptable substitute for this role
3. The Graduate Advisor (or Chair) may then make any number of recommendations for how the Student/Supervisor/Committee Member concerns could be addressed and the dispute resolved. These may include any of the following:
   a. A joint meeting between the relevant parties and the Graduate Advisor (and/or Chair)
   b. Consultation with Faculty of Graduate Studies (e.g., an Associate Dean)
   c. Formation of a Supervisory Contract (documented in the Student’s file kept by the Graduate Secretary), which may specify agreements for part, or the entirety, of the continued Supervisory Relationship (e.g., pertaining to deadlines, involvement in particular academic activities, etc.).
   d. Changes to the Supervisory Team (see Handbook 3.6)
   e. Consideration of withdrawal from the program.

3.6. Making Changes to the Supervisory Team
In some circumstances, Students, Supervisors, the Supervisory Committee Members, and/or the Graduate Advisor may believe a change to the Supervisory Team is necessary to better support the Student’s pursuit of their professional goals.

3.6.1. Changing Supervisors
The student-supervisor relationship is crucial to the academic success of both parties. Agreement to supervise is a commitment by the supervisor to evaluate the student’s suitability for a professional career and to help them develop towards that goal, at least
through the current degree. However, there are times when a change in supervisor is desirable for either the student or the supervisor (e.g., when the student develops research interests that are no longer congruent with those of their original supervisor or there is a breakdown in the student-supervisor relationship). Consequently, students are free to change supervisors at any time during their program as long as they provide the department (via the Graduate Advisor) with a written agreement (email is sufficient) from another faculty member indicating his or her willingness to be the student’s primary supervisor. A change of supervisors is often best done at the juncture between the Master’s and the Doctorate, however, it can be done at any time. The Graduate Advisor is also available to assist the student in finding a new supervisor if that is desired.

In cases where a graduate student wishes to change supervisors due to deterioration of the student-supervisor relationship, the student should try to resolve the difficulties by following the steps specified in the “Responsibilities in the Supervisory Relationship Policy” (See 10.3). It may be that the best option is for the student to try to find a new supervisor for herself or himself. If either the student or the supervisor considers the difficulties to be irresolvable, the student should consult with the Graduate Advisor about finding a new supervisor. Once a student has been admitted as a graduate student in psychology, it is the Department’s responsibility to assist the student to find a supervisor in situations where the former supervisor and student no longer choose to work together. In some cases, the Graduate Advisor or Department Chair may serve as “interim” supervisor until a permanent supervisor is found. See: Supervisor-student relationship

Consistent with Section 11.0 of the, "Responsibilities in the Supervisory Relationship Policy" neither the student nor the supervisor should engage in personal recriminations related to the termination of the supervisory relationship.

The department recognizes that faculty members are not compelled and cannot be compelled to take on a student due to the intense demands of the supervisory relationship. However, faculty should be cognizant of the needs of a student in such circumstances and are encouraged to take on supervision of such students. A potential new supervisor may agree to act as supervisor temporarily with the understanding that continued supervision is contingent upon a satisfactory completion of a criterion mutually agreed upon with the student, such as a course, independent studies, or project.

### 3.6.2. Changing Supervisory Committee Members

The student may alter the composition of the Supervisory Committee at any time in consultation with the supervisor. The student should inform both new and old committee members of the change. The student or the student’s supervisor must inform the Graduate Advisor and Graduate Secretary, who will then update the student record in Banner.

### 4. Graduate Student Funding Policies

In keeping with Policy 5.10, the following sections describe the mechanisms of funding potentially available to students during the course of their graduate training program, and the values and criteria used by the Department to guide the selection of recipients, when necessary.

#### 4.1. The Department’s Distributed Responsibility of External Funding Approach
Current and longstanding patterns within the budgets of the Province of British Columbia and the University of Victoria suggest it is likely that the Department will continue to have only limited funding for graduate students. It is therefore critical that all faculty and students within the Department share the responsibility of trying to increase the amount of external funding (i.e., from sources other than the Department’s allotted funding budget) available to students, and to maximize the equity and impact with which internal funding can be distributed. A cornerstone value of the Department’s Graduate Student Funding Policies is to therefore incentivize students and faculty to contribute to this collective striving.

4.2. Values Guiding Selection of Internal Fellowship/Award Recipients

All else being approximately equal in terms of selection criteria (Handbook, 4.3 and 4.4), and after FGS policies have been applied, the Department shall strive to:

4.2.1. Maximize the amount of funds brought into the Department

In some cases, funds become available to the Department for which only certain students are eligible recipients (e.g., in particular Programs, with particular scholarly interests, of particular social groups, holding other Fellowships or awards). It is the Department’s view that securing funds of this variety remains worthwhile, in order to (in)directly reduce the overall funding burden placed on the Department (Handbook, 4.1) and/or to promote the professional excellence of its student trainees (Handbook, 2.3).

4.2.2. Maximize the number of students who can be funded

The Department will always endeavor to provide some amount of funding to the largest number of students that it can sustainably justify.

4.2.3. Prioritize students making timely progress

Given its impact on the financial sustainability and equity of the funding model of the Department (Handbook 4.1), the Department will prioritize those Students successful in meeting their responsibility to make timely progress (Handbook 2.2.1), and will look to further structure its funding model to promote increased rates of timely progress. This value may on occasion come into conflict with the value of maximizing the number of students funded (Handbook 4.2.2); in these select cases, the prioritization of students making timely progress will take precedent.

4.2.4. Incentivize pursuit of external funding.

Given its impact on the financial sustainability and equity of the funding model of the Department (Handbook 4.1), the Department will prioritize those current students who are meeting their responsibility of seeking external funding (from Tri-Council or other substantial and reputable sources) (see Handbook 2.2.2), and those applying students from labs with Supervisors who are meeting their responsibility of seeking external funding (see Handbook 2.3.2).

4.2.5. Prioritize students for Assistant-Professor level faculty

Acknowledging that pre-reappointment Assistant Professors may not yet have the larger grants and/or (inter)national recognition necessary to be as successful attracting trainees, the Department will prioritize funding students working with these early career researchers.
4.2.6. **Prioritize current (vs. prospective) and international (vs. domestic) students**

Given limited funding, the *Department* will strive to support those trainees already committed to its graduate training programs, as well as international students for whom other funding mechanisms (e.g., Tri-Council Fellowships) are unavailable.

4.2.7. **Utilize merit-based competitions to distribute remaining funding**

After making the bulk of its funding-related decisions (typically in late Spring semester), the *GEC* opens a merit-based award competition, which has been approved by the *Department*, and which includes awards matched to areas of professional excellence that the *Department* wishes to promote (e.g., exemplified in the *Strategic Framework*).

4.2.8. **Protect the promotion of excellence**

Some funding mechanisms require the *Department* to put forth nominee(s) for consideration that have specific interests, goals, or qualifications. In such instances, the *Department* will ensure its most competitive students are also considered for more specific or narrowly defined funding opportunities (e.g., university-wide and department-wide Donor Awards).

### 4.3. Evaluation Criteria Guiding Selection of Fellowship/Award Nominations and Recipients (Students)

Depending on the award, the *GEC* uses a variety of documents, including application forms or cover letters, CVs, letters of recommendation, and transcripts, to guide the selection of Fellowship/Award Nominations and Recipients.

The following criteria are used, in some combination to select Fellowship/Award Nominees and Recipients, and draw heavily from the *Strategic Framework*. Some criteria may be used for most/all decisions (e.g., GPA), while others may be used for particular mechanisms (e.g., University of Victoria Graduate Awards for Psychology Students, Donor Awards), or for particular students (e.g., incoming vs. current). Listed in each criterion are examples of the kinds of evidence that the *GEC* uses to guide nomination and allocation decisions. These examples should not be understood as a required checklist to demonstrate a particular criterion, nor should they be thought of as exhaustive.

#### 4.3.1. **Evidence/Promise of Timely Progress**

Given the impact of students making timely progress on the state of funding for the entire Department (*Handbook 3.2.1*) and the Department’s Distributed Responsibility of External Funding Approach (*Handbook 4.1*), it is vitally important that Students are successful in making timely progress through their programs. Evidence/Promise of Timely Progress by the Student therefore will play a central role in the *GEC* determining Nomination and Recipient decisions.

#### 4.3.2. **GPA**

A minimum GPA of 7.0 is required to be considered for most awards (e.g., from FGS). In other instances where GPA will be evaluated by external funders, the *GEC* will take into account applicant GPA when making nomination decisions.
4.3.3. **Recent Evidence of External Funding Attempts/Success**
- Applications for external fellowships (e.g., Tri-Council, Mitacs, foundations such as Alzheimer’s Society of Canada)
- Success with external fellowships
- Applications for external awards (e.g., travel awards from professional or scholarly societies, such Psi Chi, APAGS, CPA)
- Success with external awards
- Applications for external grants (e.g., student research grants from external societies)
- Success with external grants

4.3.4. **Evidence of Advancing Research Excellence and Impact**
- Thesis and/or dissertation awards or distinctions
- Publications (recognizing position in authorship list)
- Conference presentations (recognizing position in authorship list)
- Awards for particular presentations/publications (e.g., from professional societies, journals, etc.)
- Creation of tools that facilitate research excellence (e.g., applications, functions, packages, blogposts)

4.3.5. **Evidence of Promoting Dynamic Learning**
- Excellence as a teaching assistant, course instructor, and/or Teaching Assistant Coordinator
- Delivery of workshops to labs/programs/the Department
- Presentation and/or publication of scholarship in teaching

4.3.6. **Evidence of Cultivating an Extraordinary Academic Environment**
- Excellence in service to the Department (e.g., participating in committees, serving as program/department/faculty/university representatives)
- Contributing to a strong sense of academic community (e.g., helping to organize program/department-related social or academic events, such as speaker(s), study-groups or writing groups)
- Evidence of mentoring success (e.g., of other graduate students, or undergraduate students, in research and/or clinical practice)

4.3.7. **Evidence of Fostering Respect and Reconciliation**
- Involvement in activities (e.g., committees, events) that advance the Department’s mission to promote diversity and inclusion (e.g., Department Diversity Committee, Clinical Psychology Diversity Committee)
- Involvement in activities that advance the Department’s ongoing efforts to increase Indigenization in its teaching and research
- Leadership in community-based research (e.g., creating/maintaining relationships with valued communities, dissemination of impactful knowledge translation products for community members)
4.4. Evaluation Criteria Guiding Selection of Internal Fellowship/Award Recipients (Supervisor)

Although many of the necessary elements for Student success are related to criteria focusing on the Student, the GEC recognizes the importance of the Student’s broader training context, including the track-record of the primary supervisor in their ability to mentor and facilitate student excellence. For mechanisms targeting incoming students (e.g., FGS Fellowships, Handbook, 4.5.1), therefore, the GEC will consider some select Supervisor-related criteria, particularly when there is an established track-record of supervision outcomes to appraise, including:

4.4.1. Evidence of Ensuring Timely Progress

Evidence of the Supervisor’s students making Timely Progress will play a role in the GEC determining Nomination and Recipient decisions, in order to incentivize and recognize students who contribute to the Department’s ability to make adequate and equitable funding allocations.

4.4.2. Recent History of External Funding Attempts/Success (w/ Student Funding Budget Lines)

Given the responsibility of the Supervisor to share the responsibility of seeking external funding for their students (see Handbook 3.3.2) and Department’s Distributed Responsibility of External Funding Approach (see Handbook 4.1), it is crucial that Supervisors are regularly applying for external grants, and when doing so, that they are including budget lines to support funding their students (e.g., stipends or GRA hours, travel funds, thesis recruitment costs). Evidence of this history may be apparent from sources such as:

- Grant budgets submitted along with RASF forms to be signed by the Chair
- Student/faculty reports of student funding sources
- Copies of student BERs and TERs drawing from supervisor FAST accounts

4.4.3. Recent Evidence of Excellence Among Former Trainees

Student success enables the Department to more strongly lobby for—and to ultimately be more successful in attaining—additional resources. The Department therefore believes it is important to acknowledge and incentivize labs that are consistently bolstering the reputation of the Department’s training environment in noteworthy ways. This may be demonstrated through:

- Evidence of multiple current/recent trainees demonstrating the criteria outlined in Handbook 4.3.
- Evidence of recent trainees securing desirable positions for continued training (e.g., postdoctoral fellowships, clinical internships) and/or employment (e.g., faculty positions, industry jobs, etc.)

4.4.4. Evidence of Consistency in Meeting Supervisory Responsibilities

This criterion will only come to bear in instances where there is consistent evidence that a Supervisor is failing to meet their base responsibilities (described in Handbook 3.1.1 and 3.3). Instances of consistent failure are expected to be infrequent, though when of concern, may be brought to the consideration of the GEC by the Chair and/or Graduate Advisor, who will be informed of longer-standing histories of student supervision.
4.5. Sources of Funding and Financial Aid
Several sources of funding are available as general awards or for specific expenses.

The Faculty of Graduate Studies (FGS) offers:
- Fellowships (see Handbook 4.5.1)
- Donor awards (see Handbook 4.5.4)
- Travel grants (see Handbook 4.5.8)

The Student Financial Aid Services office offers information about:
- Bursaries (see Handbook 4.5.5)
- Campus jobs (e.g., WorkStudy positions)

The Department of Psychology offers:
- Teaching Assistantships (see Handbook 4.5.6);

Incoming students if eligible are strongly encouraged to apply for external funding (e.g., SSHRC, NSERC, or CIHR, or Mitacs, see Handbook 4.5.2.1 and 4.5.2.2) or related agencies (e.g., Alzheimer’s Society). Those who hold a UVic Fellowship in their first year of study are required to apply for external funding for their second year (even if the UVic Fellowship is a 2-year award, in which case, any external award > $15,000 will take the place of the 2nd year of the UVic Fellowship).

Your research supervisor (or another faculty member in the Department) may be able to provide financial support in the form of a Research Assistantship (RAship) and/or may be able to cover research expenses from his or her research grant (see Handbook 4.5.7).

More details for each of these types of funding mechanisms are provided in the sections below:

4.5.1. University (UVIC) Fellowships
The Faculty of Graduate Studies awards UVic fellowships and UVic Graduate Awards (on the recommendation of the department’s Graduate Executive Committee) to new (and occasionally to returning) students.

UVic fellowships can range from $10,000 to $17,500 for Master’s students and from $10,000 to $20,000 for PhD students for a 12-month period.

UVic Graduate Awards can range from $1,000 to $10,000 per year. The amount of these awards varies depending on the amount of money available to the department each year. The minimum eligibility standard set by the Executive of the Faculty of Graduate Studies is: A minimum cumulative grade point average of 7.0 (UVic scale) in each of the last two undergraduate years and every graduate year. This is approximately equivalent to A-, 82%, 3.6 out of 4.0 or UK First Class.
All new students are considered for UVic Fellowships and UVic Graduate Awards (no additional application is required) and awards are adjudicated by the Department’s GEC (following the values and criteria outlined in Handbook 4.2, 4.3, and 4.4).

Decisions on awards for incoming students are typically made in the spring (for funding beginning in Sept). Renewals for students entering the second year of the Master’s program or the second or third year of the doctoral program are made in June, when all grades for the year have been submitted. Renewal of University Fellowships is not automatic and may not be available in any given year due to budget constraints. In general, conditions that facilitate renewal are: (a) maintaining a GPA of at least 7.0, and (b) recommendation of the Department/GEC. Students must complete all Master’s degree requirements by the end of their second year to maintain eligibility for renewal at the PhD level.

It is important to be aware that these fellowships have a limited tenure that is based on the number of years in a degree program and not number of years the fellowship is held. The University will not continue fellowships beyond the second year of a Master’s program or the fourth year of a Doctoral program. Fellowship payments will cease at the end of the term in which the student takes the final oral examination. The Faculty of Grad Studies regulations for the UVic fellowships are posted at UVic Scholarships.

In recent years, about half of our grad students have received some form of funding from the Faculty of Graduate Studies (including UVic Fellowships, Graduate Awards, President’s Research Scholarships (Handbook 4.5.3), or UVic or Psychology Donor Awards (Handbook 4.5.4)).

4.5.2. External Fellowships
Students are expected to pursue opportunities for external funding (Handbook 3.2.2). The Department’s students have typically been very successful applying for Tri-Council scholarships. Mitacs scholarships also possess a very high probability of success when a community partner has been secured.

4.5.2.1. Federal (Tri-Council) Scholarships
Several graduate student scholarships are available from the federal government: The National Science and Engineering Research Council (NSERC), the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada (SSHRC), and the Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR), with each supporting different areas of psychology. The division is roughly as follows:
  ● NSERC = Cognitive, clinical and experimental neuropsychology;
  ● CIHR = clinical and all health related-research;
  ● SSHRC = social, developmental, clinical, and some other areas =.

Applications are made in the fall term (Dec. 1 deadline) for the following year; Master’s awards are for a 12-month period while doctoral awards are normally for 3 years (depending on type of award and year in program). First year Master’s students are expected to apply in the fall of their first year for support in the 2nd year (unless already supported by a council in 1st year). Students are not eligible to hold a UVic
Fellowship and a tri-council award at the same time, thus the UVic Fellowship must be declined or returned when a tri-council award is received.

BEFORE APPLYING, BE SURE TO SELECT THE RIGHT COUNCIL. IF YOU APPLY TO SSHRC WHEN YOU SHOULD HAVE APPLIED TO CIHR, (particularly at the doctoral level) THE APPLICATION MAY NOT BE CONSIDERED AND YOU MAY LOSE AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE FUNDED IN THE COMING YEAR. The UVic FGS awards officers (Yvonne Rondeau and Kathy McCarthy) will submit a research summary on the student’s behalf for a check of eligibility by SSHRC (please plan to request this at least 2 weeks ahead of the submission deadline). See: SSHRC subject matter eligibility

At the Master’s level, the tri-council agencies have “harmonized” the application and adjudication process, resulting in a single application date (Dec. 1), application form, process, and set of criteria for all three councils.

Students are eligible to apply for an award to be taken up at one of 3 potential universities (students already admitted to UVic will indicate only UVic as university of choice). Universities now have much more control over the awarding of the Master’s scholarships and there is a plan for harmonization of the doctoral awards in the near future.

Other conditions: Only Canadian citizens or Permanent Residents are eligible for most of the tri-council awards. The one exception is the Vanier, which is also available to international students. Students do not apply directly for the Vanier awards but must be nominated by the department. We can nominate only 1 student for each of the 3 councils (SSHRC, NSERC, CIHR). The call for these nominations is early in September each year – if you think you would be a good candidate for a Vanier Scholarship, you should discuss this with your supervisor in the previous spring/summer. The Vanier awards are very competitive, however, three of our students have been awarded a Vanier (2 NSERCs and 1 SSHRC).

Psychology students can also apply to other national or provincial-level awards, e.g., (Alzheimer’s Society of Canada) Please check with your supervisor, the Grad Advisor, and/or Grad studies for information on other awards: Graduate Studies Finances

4.5.2.2. Mitacs Scholarships
Mitacs is a national, not-for-profit organization that has designed and delivered research and training programs in Canada for 20 years. Working with 70 universities, 6,000 companies, and both federal and provincial governments, Mitacs builds partnerships that support industrial and social innovation in Canada.

Mitacs provides two Programs for funding graduate students: Accelerate and Elevate. Students should consult these sites for additional details, but the general similarities and differences between the two Programs are:
Both require Students to identify and secure the commitment of a “partner organization”, that along with Mitacs, will help to cover the costs of Student funding. Both also require a brief application. Success rates are generally quite high once the commitment of a partner organization has been secured.

The Accelerate Program offers a more flexible application (they accept rolling submissions) and demands a smaller financial commitment from partner organizations. Their success rates are higher, and the amount of funding a bit lower compared to the Elevate Program.

The Elevate Program has specific submission deadlines and demands a higher financial commitment from partner organizations. Adjudication of the awards is more competitive (with a lower success rate), but with a higher funding amount, compared to the Accelerate Program.

4.5.3. President’s Research Scholarships (PRS)
Students who receive an NSERC, SSHRC, or CIHR award are eligible to receive a top-up award from the university, the President’s Research Scholarship (PRS), which is worth $5000. The PRS are distributed by the Department on an annual basis, normally during the first year that a student holds a tri-council award. Unfortunately, we are not usually able to offer a PRS more than once for a particular award, but a student who receives one for a Master’s award is eligible to receive one for the first year of a Doctoral award (within the limits mentioned above).

4.5.4. UVic and Psychology Donor Awards
Several awards and bursaries are available to graduate students in various disciplines, and some are ear-marked for psychology graduate students. The following is a partial list of awards for which Psychology students typically qualify. For more information on graduate awards: Graduate Studies Awards

- UVic Donor Awards: (open to all UVic graduate students)
  - The Mrs. Annie Greskiw Award ($2,500)
  - The Ray Hadfield Memorial Fellowship (rheumatic disease research) ($2,000)
  - Dr. Julius F. Schleicher Graduate Scholarship (male students in Law or Pre-Med) (varies $3,000 - $15,000)
  - Edythe Hembroff-Schleicher Scholarships (female student going into medical school $6,000)
  - Martlet Chapter IODE Graduate Fellowship for Women (in 2nd year Master’s) ($400)
  - Albert Hung Chao Hong Scholarship (citizens of Hong Kong or China $7,000)
  - General Graduate Scholarships (any graduate student -- amount varies, has ranged from $2000 - $7,000)
  - Howard E. Petch and David F. Strong Research Scholarships – ($7500 each graduate student who currently hold a University Victoria Fellowship valued between $15,000 and $20,000 or a Canadian federal research council award valued between $17,500 and $35,000.)
Department of Psychology Graduate Training Handbook

- Cassels Shaw Graduate Fellowship. One or more fellowships each year will be awarded to outstanding graduate students, on the basis of high academic achievement and demonstrated financial need.

- Psychology Donor Awards: (only open to UVic Psychology graduate students)
  - The Richard May Graduate Scholarship (any area of psychology; 2nd year or higher) ($1,000)
  - William H. Gaddes Graduate Award (physiological-developmental) ($2,000)
  - The Robert & Douglas Vickery Graduate Award (Studying schizophrenia or psychopathology) (~$900)
  - The Arthur L. Benton Award (neuropsychology) ($1,000)
  - Dr. Robert Michael Peet Graduate Scholarship (clinical neuropsychology) ($2,000)
  - B.C. Psychological Association Certificate Award (certificate and admission to a clinical workshop)
  - Norma M. Wilson Graduate Scholarship (any area of psychology -- $7,000)

For these awards, a student must be nominated by the department (the Graduate Advisor sends out a memo requesting information and supporting documentation in early July for application in mid-August). For more information, see http://www.uvic.ca/socialsciences/psychology/graduate/current/index.php

4.5.5. Bursaries
Bursaries are based on financial need. The student must fill out an application form available in the Student Financial Aid Office, University Centre room A202.

4.5.6. Teaching Assistantships
TA positions are jobs rather than awards. The maximum stipend is for 300 hours of work during the academic year. Teaching assistants are members of CUPE 4163, and will be appointed in accordance with the guidelines set out by the Union.

On average, graduate students receive between 100 and 200 TA hours in their first year (most TA positions are offered between September and April with fewer in the summer term). The department will endeavour to offer a teaching assistantship for about 100 hours in the first year (September to April).

Fall and spring term TA position postings go out in June and summer positions are posted in February. Application submission is required by a set deadline. All graduate students are eligible to serve as a TA and must apply for these paid positions when they are advertised (the call for applications goes out on Psychat in late June/early July for TA positions for fall and spring courses; summer course TA positions are fewer in number and are advertised near the end of March). TA positions vary in the degree of actual teaching that is involved, as the primary duties for most TA positions involved grading exams and papers. Students wanting to gain teaching experience while acting as a TA should be sure to make this known to the course instructor, as often there will be opportunities for a guest lecture on topics related to the Student’s research or professional
Department of Psychology Graduate Training Handbook

interests. Graduate students must have passed their (two) candidacy exams (PSYC 693) prior to being eligible to teach undergraduate courses in the department. It is also a good idea for Students to consult with their Supervisor about the timing of teaching activities to ensure this aligns with the Student’s professional goals (Handbook 3.2.3 and 3.3.3) and does not interfere with the Student’s ability to make timely progress through their program (Handbook 3.2.1).

For additional information offered to graduate student TAs through the Learning and Teaching Centre, see http://www.uvic.ca/learningandteaching/ta/

Each year, the Department (in conjunction with the LTC) hires a graduate student to serve as the Teaching Assistant Coordinator (TAC). See: https://www.uvic.ca/learningandteaching/ta/

The Student in this position offers support, consultation, educational materials, and workshops designed to assist TAs in the department. It is beneficial for all graduate students (not just those serving as a TA for the first time) to attend these workshops. If Students are interested in becoming the TAC, the call for applications usually goes out from the LTC in April/May and a Student is hired shortly thereafter for the following September through April terms. Contact: TA Training Manager: Cynthia Korp

4.5.7. Research Assistantships
Supervisors are expected to share in the burden of funding students (Handbook 3.3.2). Students interested in obtaining a Research Assistantship (RA) should therefore contact individual faculty members, especially their supervisor.

4.5.8. Travel Grants
The Faculty of Graduate Studies (FGS) and the Graduate Students’ Society (GSS) have established a Graduate Student Travel Grant Fund to support travel to conferences, meetings, workshops, or research activities. Once per academic year (April 1 – March 31) you can apply for travel grant funds. Awards are made on a first come, first served basis and priority is given to first time recipients. For application forms, see travel grants Applications should be submitted to the Office of the Dean of Graduate Students well before the conference date. Travel grants provide up to $400 to students presenting a poster or paper outside of Vancouver, Vancouver Island or Seattle, but within BC, Alberta, or Washington State; up to $600 to students presenting outside of BC, Alberta, or Washington State; up to $300 to attend conferences/workshops, or to conduct research outside of Vancouver, Vancouver Island or Seattle; and a maximum of $150 to present or attend conferences/workshops or do research in Vancouver, Seattle or on Vancouver Island. Students should apply as early as possible to maximize the likelihood of receiving funding, as these funds are somewhat limited, especially if you have already received one before.

4.5.9. Other Awards
Other agencies also give fellowships for psychology graduate students: e.g. IODE War Memorial Scholarships, APA Dissertation Research Award, APA Early Graduate Student
Researcher Award, APA awards, Pacific Institute for Climate Solutions Fellowships (PICS), MacKenzie King Memorial Scholarship, Soroptimist Foundation of Canada, Neena Chappell Scholarship (through the UVic Institute on Aging and Lifelong Health), Trudeau Foundation Doctoral Scholarship, WorkSafeBC Training Awards, IMPART (addictions research), and the Sara Spencer Foundation (through UVic). It is worth checking the Faculty of Graduate Studies calendar and website. See: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/finances/financialaid/externalawards/index.php Any information about awards which is sent to the Department is posted near the departmental office or distributed on Psychat. Students with questions about their financial status and prospects should see their supervisor or consult with the Graduate Advisor. Don’t assume you can’t get anything. Applying is almost always worth the trouble.

4.5.10. On-campus Employment
International Students registered full-time in a UVic degree program are entitled to work on-campus if they have a valid study permit and social insurance number. International students must go to a Service Canada office to apply for a social insurance number http://www.servicecanada.gc.ca/eng/sc/sin/index.shtml. The study permit and social insurance number should be presented to the Graduate Secretary (Karen Kienapple).

For more information and help, please contact the office of International and Exchange Student Services at http://iess.uvic.ca/

5. Master’s Program

5.1. Makeup of the Supervisory Committee
At the Master’s level, the student’s supervisory committee shall consist of at least two members of the Faculty of Graduate Studies, including the supervisor. The supervisor or co-supervisor must be a regular member of the Psychology Department. Graduate Studies requires that no more than one member should be from outside the department. This outside member is now optional for the Master’s degree; that is, it is no longer required that Master’s committees have a member from outside the department. See Handbook 2.6, 3.3 and 3.4 for more information about the roles of the supervisor and the supervisory committee, and the document produced by the Faculty of Graduate Studies FGS Graduate Supervision Policy

At the request of the student and the student’s supervisor, the Graduate Advisor must inform the Graduate Records Office who will comprise the student’s supervisory committee by the beginning of the second year of the Master’s program or within 2 sessions of registering for PSYC599 (thesis), whichever occurs first.

The student may alter the composition of the supervisory committee at any time in consultation with the Supervisor. The student should inform both new and old committee members of the change. The student or the student’s supervisor must inform the Graduate Advisor and Graduate Secretary, who will then update the student record in Banner.
5.2. External Examiner
While constructing the supervisory committee, the supervisor may wish to also think about the person who will be considered as the external examiner of the thesis when the time comes for the student’s oral defence of the thesis. Unlike the outside member—who is a member of the supervisory committee—the external examiner is not a member of the supervisory committee and therefore must not be included in discussions of the proposal, nor is this person to be used by the student as a resource. The role of the external examiner is to evaluate the final written thesis and the student’s knowledge at the oral defence of the thesis. Confusion sometimes arises regarding the difference between an outside member and an external examiner because at the Masters level, the external examiner is a faculty member from outside of the Psychology Department, usually but not necessarily from UVic. Note that an external examiner is required for all oral thesis defences, while an outside member of the supervisory committee is not required at the Masters level (although it can be useful to have an outside member).

5.3. Program Requirements for Master’s Students

5.3.1. Summary of Master’s requirements
Total 15 units with Honours BA or BSc; (18 units may be required without Honours undergraduate degree), w/ minimum 12 units of grad-level credit (courses numbered 500 and above, including 599)
   a. Research Apprenticeships 1.5 units min. (in 1st year) (see Appendix A)
   b. Statistics Courses 3.0 units from list (see Handbook 2.4.2)
   c. Thesis 6.0 units (Usually)
   d. Program requirements or electives 4.5 – 7.5 units (many students will take more) – maximum recommended elective units from supervisor: 50%.

5.3.2. Number of units required
Generally, students with an Honours degree (with thesis or the equivalent of an Honour’s thesis) will be expected to complete a minimum of 15 units for their program. Those without an Honours degree may be required to complete 18 or more units if recommended by the student’s supervisory committee. A minimum of 12 units of the student’s program must be at the graduate level; only third- and fourth-year undergraduate courses will be credited to the graduate degree. (The Dean’s permission is required to take only undergraduate courses in a term.)

5.3.3. Research apprenticeship
A minimum of 1.5 units of research apprenticeship PSYC 502 must be completed in the first year of study (clinical students are required to take 3.0 units). The activity required for PSYC 502 varies substantially from one supervisor to another. Students should consult with their supervisors regarding the type and amount of activity taken under this course number (for a fuller description, see Appendix A.)

5.3.4. Statistics courses
All Master’s students must complete a minimum of 3.0 units of statistics courses. Typically the statistics courses are taken to provide tools for conducting thesis research.
Most students take PSYC 532 and one of 533 or 534, but any course listed in Handbook 2.4.2 will satisfy this requirement. Consult your supervisor regarding the most appropriate option in your case. For the clinical program, students should consult the clinical manual for information on which statistics courses are required.

5.3.5. Challenge of requirements
With the permission of the student’s supervisor, a student may challenge a course requirement by prior course(s), course challenge(s), or examination(s), at the discretion of the course instructor and program director. As noted in Section 7 under General Information above, Undergraduate competence requirements (UCRs) for Clinical Students are commonly met by prior credit, course challenge, or taking a course for credit (Handbook 2.4.1).

Completion of a thesis is an integral part of the Master’s program. Before beginning formal thesis work, the student must submit a proposal of the thesis to the supervisory committee (this normally requires an oral proposal meeting with the full committee) and obtain approval of the proposed thesis.

Additional information pertinent to the thesis, including the broad definition of “research” accepted by the Department of Psychology and formal writing requirements, are found in the Department’s Report of the Thesis Format Committee (Appendix B) and on the Faculty of Graduate Studies website; see http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/resourcesfor/students/thesis/index.php.

Upon completion of all phases of the thesis, and in consultation with the student’s supervisor, arrangements are made for an oral examination of the thesis. It is at this point that the external examiner is brought into the picture (see Section 5.2 above). Note: Students must be registered in PSYC 599 for the term in which the oral defence occurs. Note: registration in PSYC 599 is sufficient to qualify for full time status. See also: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/resourcesfor/students/thesis/oral/guidelines.php

To schedule an oral examination:
- Each member of the committee must sign the Request for Oral Examination - Master's (ROE) form indicating that they approve the current draft.
- The supervisor must provide information about the External Examiner and fill out the appropriate section on the Request for Oral Examination form including time and place of the oral exam.
- The ROE form must be signed by all committee members (an email can be substituted for out of town members) before you bring it to the Graduate Advisor for review and signature.
- A copy of the ROE form must be provided to the departmental Graduate Secretary prior to sending it electronically (contact graduate secretary for who to send ROE documents to) to the Faculty of Graduate Studies. To aid with organizing the required paperwork, students should complete the Graduate Advisor's Checklist and take it to the Graduate Advisor when requesting the Graduate Advisor’s signature.
Department of Psychology Graduate Training Handbook

- The original ROE form, the thesis (no further pre-defense revisions are allowed once submitted), a copy of the most recent HREB (ethics) certificate (showing the student’s name) or waiver, and the thesis withholding form (optional) must then be delivered to the Faculty of Graduate Studies at least 20 working days (not counting the day of the defence) in advance of the scheduled oral exam so that paper work may be completed and members of the faculty may be invited to attend. In practice this means that a complete thesis draft must be submitted to individual committee members at least two months before the tentative examination date. This allows time for revisions and for committee members to examine the recommended revisions prior to signing the Request for Oral Examination form.

For students intending to receive degrees at the spring convocation, all requirements must be completed by April 30 (including submission of the final pdf copy of the thesis/dissertation through UVicSpace, submission by the department of the Letter of Recommendation for degree, and payment of all outstanding fees). The deadline for completion of the above requirements in time for the fall convocation is August 31. All theses and dissertations must be submitted to UVicSpace as part of the approval process; this takes some time and so students should schedule their defence at least 2 weeks prior to the deadline (e.g., by April 15th or August 15th) in order to meet the graduation deadlines.


Following successful completion of the oral examination, one final pdf copy of the thesis is submitted to the Faculty of Graduate Studies through UVicSpace (no further revisions are allowed once the approved and defended thesis has been uploaded to UVicSpace). See ETD (Electronic Theses and Dissertations) procedures: http://libguides.uvic.ca/uvicspace/etds. For an outline of some the additional procedural steps required prior to obtaining the degree, see: Preparing to Defend your Thesis or Dissertation.

Students must pay a graduation fee and should be aware of the application deadlines:
See: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/resourcesfor/students/gradreq/

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<th>Application for Graduation Deadline</th>
<th>Convocation Ceremony</th>
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<tr>
<td>Fall (September-December)</td>
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5.5. Time limits for Master’s Degree Completion

The University time limits for completion of the Master’s degree is 5 years; however, the department expects students to make timely progress and complete the Master’s degree within 2 to 3 years.

5.5.1. Requests for extension to complete the Master’s Degree

If necessary, the student’s supervisor may request an extension from the Graduate Advisor who will then seek approval from the Dean (they are not automatically approved). The request for program extension must include a reasonable time line for completion of all outstanding degree requirements plus the signatures of supervisor and committee.

5.5.2. Impact of delayed progress on funding

Many funding programs (e.g., our Department, UVic, Tri-Council) will not provide funding beyond 2 years in a Master’s program.

5.6. Promotion from Master’s to Doctoral Program

Completion of a Master’s degree does not guarantee admission to the PhD program. A student who completes a Master’s degree in this Department and wishes to apply for admission to the PhD program must apply online for admission through the Graduate Admissions and Records Office (GARO) and must pay an application fee (however, we do not require resubmission of transcripts, GRE scores, letter of intent, and letters of reference). The following criteria shall be met:

a) The prospective PhD supervisor must be willing to admit and supervise the student’s doctoral program.

b) Program approval may be required (e.g., Clinical students are approved by the DCT)

If the above criteria are not met, the student will not be admitted for registration as a doctoral student in the Department of Psychology. If the student is a fellowship holder and is not being admitted to the PhD program at UVic, it is the student’s responsibility to inform the awards officer at Grad Studies as soon as possible.

6. Doctoral Program

The following information is structured according to the usual sequence in which students proceed toward the Doctoral of Philosophy degree upon completion of a Master’s degree.

6.1. Supervisory Committee

As described in the Master’s program, a supervisory committee is formed and charged with responsibility for the student’s education (see Handbook 2.6.2, and the Supervisory Policy).

The doctoral supervisory committee consists of at least three members of the Faculty of Graduate Studies as follows:

- A supervisor selected by the student. The supervisory role may be shared (i.e., committee will have four members); however, at least one co-supervisor of the student’s dissertation must be a regular member of the Psychology Department;
- at least one departmental faculty member (i.e., another member of the Psychology Department) who is familiar with the area of the student’s dissertation research; and
- at least one faculty member outside the Psychology Department (the outside member).
As in the case of the Master’s program, the Graduate Advisor must inform the Graduate Records Office who will comprise the student’s supervisory committee by the beginning of the second year of the PhD program or within 2 sessions of registering for PSYC 699 (PhD Dissertation), whichever occurs first. A minimum of two committee members (including the supervisor) are required for the candidacy examination.

6.2. External Examiner
While constructing the supervisory committee, the supervisor may wish to also think about the person who will be considered as the external examiner of the dissertation when the time comes for the student’s oral defence. Unlike the outside member—who is a member of the supervisory committee—the external examiner is not a member of the supervisory committee and therefore must not be included in discussions of the proposal, nor is this person to be used by the student as a resource (i.e., they must remain at “arm’s length” from the student and supervisor). The role of the external examiner is to evaluate the final written dissertation and the student’s knowledge at the oral defence of the dissertation. At the doctoral level, the external examiner is a faculty member outside of UVic. See FGS guidelines for appointment of external examiners: guidelines for appointment of external examiner

6.3. Program Requirements
6.3.1. Summary of Doctoral requirements
Units: 30 units (beyond Master’s) with min 9 of last 15 units at graduate level (500+)
   a. Research Apprenticeships 1.5 units (only if Master’s degree was w/o thesis)
   b. Methods Courses 3.0 units from list (beyond Master’s degree requirements)(See Handbook 2.4.2)
   c. Candidacy Exam (PSYC 693) 3.0 units (Major and Minor exams complete before dissertation proposal)
   d. Dissertation 15 to 30 units (usually 15) (decided by supervisory committee/program)

Program requirements or elective units for remainder - maximum recommended elective units from supervisor: 50%.

Clinical students should consult the clinical program manual for specific additional requirements.

6.3.2. Number of units required
No less than 30 units of coursework (including the dissertation) beyond those completed during a Master’s program are required before a doctoral degree is awarded. Of the last 15 units of coursework for the Doctoral degree, not more than 6 units may be derived from undergraduate courses. The number of units credited for the dissertation is usually 15.0 units but can range from 15.0 - 30.0 units (effective April 2008) and is determined by the supervisory committee. It is recommended that students take no more than 50% of their elective units with their dissertation supervisor.
6.3.3. **Research apprenticeship, PSYC 502**
Students entering the PhD program with a Master’s degree without thesis must complete a minimum of 1.5 units of PSYC 502 in the first year of study. The activity required for PSYC 502 varies substantially from one supervisor to another. Students should consult with their supervisors regarding the type and amount of activity taken under this course number (for a full description, see Appendix A).

6.3.4. **Statistics/Methods Courses**
A minimum of 3 units of graduate statistics and research methods courses is required beyond the 3 units required for the Master’s degree. Typically these courses are taken to provide tools for conducting dissertation research. Most students take either PSYC 532 and 533 or 534 for the Master’s degree and other courses from the lists in Handbook 2.4.2 for the PhD. Consult your supervisor regarding the most appropriate options in your case. Clinical students should consult the clinical manual for required stats courses.

6.3.5. **Specific Program Requirements**
see Section 3 (d) in MASTER’S PROGRAM

6.3.6. **Challenging requirements**
see Section 3 (f) in MASTER’S PROGRAM

6.3.7. **Language Examination**
The Department has no formal second language requirement

6.3.8. **Candidacy Examination**
All doctoral candidates must complete two examinations. Students in programs other than the clinical program will complete one in the major area and one in a minor area. No exceptions from these examinations are permitted. As of 2010, all doctoral students must register for the candidacy examination (PSYC 693) in each term until both examinations have been passed (this is worth 3.0 units total). It is no longer necessary to register in 699 to maintain full-time status during the summer (unless the student is actually working on the dissertation); summer registration can be in 693. PSYC 693 is a pre/co-requisite for 699, so registration in 699 is not possible unless also registered in 693 or candidacy exams have been completed (COM will appear on the transcript).

The intent of these examinations is to indicate to the student and the committee that the student has reached a level of proficiency regarding both information and procedures in the area(s) of concentration sufficient to enable successful completion of a dissertation.

According to the rules of the Faculty of Graduate Studies, Doctoral candidacy examinations must be held within **three years** of registration as a provisional Doctoral student and at least six months before the final oral (dissertation) examination. If this deadline is not met, the student will be blocked from registration for the next session.
unless an extension has been granted by the Dean of Graduate Studies (consult your supervisor and the Grad Advisor) Request for Candidacy Extension

The candidacy examinations are the responsibility of the supervisory committee and will comply with the following regulations and provisions. These apply to both the major and minor exam (and the specialty area exam for clinical students). For example, the format of the major and minor exams may differ as agreed upon by the student and their candidacy exam committee.

- The content area, names of primary and secondary examiners, starting and completion dates of each examination, format of the exams, and method of assessment are to be recorded by the student’s supervisor and a copy submitted to the departmental Graduate Advisor prior to commencing the exam. A sample format for recording this information is included here: Candidacy Examination Plan
- The examinations must be completed before the student’s supervisory committee approves the student’s dissertation proposal.
- Selection of the examination areas and format is determined by the student and the supervisory committee. Please consult your supervisor for additional guidelines for candidacy exams within your specific program area.
- The title, content of examinations, and names of examiners will be circulated to all members of the supervisory committee at least one month prior to the scheduled examination. Copies of the exam and the student’s responses, as well as the outcome of the exam (including comments and/or recommendations for remediation, as well as an audio recording of any oral components of the exam) will be kept in a secure location by the supervisor until the student graduates. Any problem that may arise concerning candidacy examinations should be referred to the departmental Graduate Advisor.
- The examination committee may be (but is not required to be) the same as the supervisory committee. It is understood that the supervisory committee is responsible for the student’s examination. However, the committee may delegate responsibility for the construction and assessment of the examination to examiners who are not members of the supervisory committee but who are competent in these examination areas. The duties of the examiner include providing lists of texts and readings for the examination, setting the examination, and reporting examination results to the supervisory committee.
- Typically, for sit-down written examinations, students are permitted to write for no more than six hours in a single day. Written examinations may, alternatively, be of the take-home variety.
- At the option of the supervisory committee, the Doctoral candidacy examination may consist of written papers comprising comprehensive yet in-depth integrations of various topics within the student’s major and minor areas. These papers would comprise one or more months of study under the direct supervision of the committee with feedback provided as to direction and quality of the answer. The papers may take the form of a comprehensive literature review or an empirical study (which may be intended for submission for publication).
● Within the constraints of the Departmental and Faculty of Graduate Studies regulations, the dates of the examinations are set according to the needs of the student, the committee, and the examiners. Normally, a period of no more than six months should elapse between the non-clinical student’s writing of the first and last candidacy examinations.

● The supervisory committee evaluates the recommendations of the examiners and then advises that:
  o the student has passed the examinations
  o the student must rewrite one or both examinations (normally students are allowed only one repetition of each examination)
  o a recommendation be made to the Dean of Graduate Studies that the student be required to withdraw from the doctoral program

● The supervisor shall inform the departmental Graduate Advisor when the student has completed BOTH examinations and will complete and sign the Candidacy Completion Form, which includes the date on which both exams were completed.

● On the advice of the Graduate Advisor, the Grad Secretary will submit the COM grade for PSYC 693 to the Graduate Records office.

Students in the clinical program also complete two candidacy examinations; however, no distinction is made between major and minor examinations. One exam is in the area of specialization (neuropsychology or lifespan) and the other is the standardized clinical psychology candidacy exam (written by students at an annual sitting in September). As for all students, the intent of the specialty area exam is to indicate to the student and the committee that the student has reached a level of proficiency regarding both information and procedures in the area(s) of concentration sufficient to enable successful completion of a dissertation. The student’s performance on the clinical exam indicates a level of knowledge sufficient to be recommended for internship placement. The examining committee (for the specialty area exam) involves at least 2 members including the supervisor; the clinical candidacy exam is graded by members of the SCCT (specific graders are determined on an annual basis). Clinical students should consult the Manual for the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology (Section 5) for detailed information about candidacy exams in the clinical program.


a) Typically, the supervisor of the dissertation is the chair of the student’s supervisory committee. In addition to the chair, at least one member of the committee should be in the same field as the dissertation or in a related field (see Supervisory Committee above).

b) Following successful completion of candidacy examinations, the student should submit a formal dissertation proposal. The proposal should be a substantial outline of all phases of the dissertation including a review of the literature. A formal defence of the proposal is held by the student’s committee, who evaluate the dissertation proposal carefully and then either:

  (i) formally approve the proposal. Such approval implies that the committee considers the procedures outlined in the proposal as appropriate for the adequate investigation of the stated problem;
Department of Psychology Graduate Training Handbook

(ii) approve the proposal contingent on the outcome of preliminary investigation(s);
(iii) withhold approval of the proposal until certain inadequacies (for example, changes in experimental design) are overcome, or
(iv) not approve the proposal (suggestions for remediation or revision must be provided to the student, if appropriate).

c) The format for presentation of the dissertation should conform to departmental guidelines (see Appendix B) and meet the requirements of the Faculty of Graduate Studies and the McPherson Library; see http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/resourcesfor/students/thesis/scope/index.php

d) Upon completion of all phases of the dissertation, and in consultation with the student’s supervisor, arrangements are made for an oral examination of the dissertation. It is at this point that the external examiner is brought into the picture (see Section #2 above). See also: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatestudies/resourcesfor/students/thesis/oral/index.php

**To schedule an oral examination:**

Note: To aid the student with all the paperwork required at this stage, the Graduate Advisor’s checklist lists all the documents and steps required at this stage. Students should download a copy of the checklist and bring it to an appointment with the Graduate Advisor. It usually takes about 30 minutes to make sure everything is in order.

- Each member of the committee must sign the Request for Oral Examination - Doctoral (ROE) form indicating approval of the current draft (i.e., the dissertation is deemed “examinable”) and the time, date, and location of the defence. The supervisor must provide information about the External Examiner by completing the appropriate section on the ROE form, as well as the External Examiner Arm’s Length Form form, by providing FGS with a copy of the External Examiner’s CV.
- The ROE form must be signed by all committee members (an email can be substituted for out of town members) before you bring it to the Graduate Advisor for review and signature. It is typical for an examination draft to incorporate revisions already recommended by the supervisory committee. FGS will send a copy of the dissertation to the External Examiner. A copy of the ROE form must be provided to the departmental Graduate Secretary prior to sending it electronically (contact graduate secretary for who to send ROE documents to) to the Faculty of Graduate Studies.
- **The original ROE form, the dissertation (no further pre-defense revisions are allowed once submitted) a copy of the most recent HREB (ethics) certificate (showing the student’s name) or waiver, and the thesis withholding form (optional) must then be delivered to the Faculty of Graduate Studies at least 30 working days (not counting the day of the defence) in advance of the scheduled oral exam so that paper work may be completed and members of the faculty may be invited to attend. In practice this means that a complete thesis draft must be submitted to individual committee members at least two months before the tentative scheduling date.**

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1 Graduate studies has no official definition of the term “examinable thesis”, and definitions could range from “All sections present” to “Almost certain to pass”, so you should check with each committee member to determine their own definition.
examination date. This allows time for revisions and for committee members to examine the recommended revisions prior to signing the Request for Oral Examination form. See Appendix F for details of the defence process deadlines.

Oral Examinations can have several outcomes. See Guidelines for Chairs of Oral Examinations for details. Briefly, if you pass the oral exam, you may be asked to make editorial, minor or major revisions. If you fail the oral or if the external examiner is the lone dissenting voice for passing the thesis/dissertation, the examination is “adjourned” and must be held again within 6 months. If two or more members of the examining committee are opposed to passing the student, the student will not be recommended for the degree. A candidate who is not recommended for the degree by the examining committee is ineligible for continuation or readmission to a graduate program in the same department. A student who fails the oral examination has the right to appeal and should consult with the Dean of Graduate Studies regarding the appropriate procedures.

For students intending to receive degrees at the spring convocation, all requirements must be completed by April 30 (including submission to FGS of final copy of dissertation, submission by the department of the Letter of Recommendation for degree, and payment of all outstanding fees). The deadline for completion of the above requirements in time for the fall convocation is August 31. All dissertations must be submitted to UVicSpace (formerly DSpace) as part of the approval process; this takes some time and so students should schedule their defence at least 2 weeks prior to the deadline (e.g., by April 15th or August 15th) in order to meet the graduation deadlines. Please be aware that defenses should not be scheduled in August if at all possible due to less availability of faculty and university staff. See: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatemstudies/resourcesfor/students/thesis/final/index.php

Following successful completion of the oral examination, and after revisions are approved, a final pdf copy of the dissertation is submitted to the Faculty of Graduate Studies via UVicSpace (no further revisions are allowed once the approved and defended dissertation has been uploaded to UVicSpace). See ETD (Electronic Theses and Dissertations) procedures: http://libguides.uvic.ca/uvicspace/etds
A bound copy of the dissertation is normally given by the student to the supervisor.

For an outline of some the additional procedural steps required prior to actually obtaining the degree, see Preparing to Defend your Thesis or Dissertation

Students must pay a graduation fee and should be aware of the deadlines for applying to graduate:
See: http://www.uvic.ca/graduatemstudies/resourcesfor/students/gradreq/
Final Registration / Thesis Defense | Application for Graduation Deadline | Convocation Ceremony
---|---|---
Fall (September-December) | 15 November | Spring (June)
Winter (January-April) | 15 February | Spring (June)
Summer (May-August) | 15 July | Fall (November)

### 6.5. Time Limits for PhD Degree Completion

The University time limits time limit for completion of the PhD degree is 7 years from the time of entry into the PhD program (i.e., not including the Master’s degree however, the department expects students to complete the PhD degree within 5 years (6 years for clinical students). If necessary, the student’s supervisor may request an extension from the Graduate Advisor who will then seek approval from the Dean. The Request for Program Extension should be made before the end of your 7 years and must include a reasonable time line for completion of all outstanding degree requirements plus the signatures of supervisor and committee. Note: Extension requests are not automatically granted. Also, many national and UVic funding programs will not provide funding beyond 3 years in a Doctoral program. Fees also increase dramatically after the 7 year limit.
7. Appendix A: RESEARCH APPRENTICESHIP (PSYC 502)

1. The aim of this requirement is to expose the student to productive and creative psychological research. The apprenticeship is intended primarily as a learning experience for the student. This suggests student-faculty participation in all stages of the research whether the research be experimental, theoretical, or historical. Thus, the goal of the research apprenticeship is distinct from that of the research assistantship, which is paid employment.

2. A close working relationship with a specific faculty member should be established. Thus the student is to learn through participation in research. The faculty member serves as a mentor (i.e., teacher, advisor and model).

3. In most cases the research project will be one suggested by the faculty member, perhaps as part of an ongoing project in which the faculty member is involved.

4. Although the student’s thesis supervisor is typically the person who supervises the PSYC 502 activity, other faculty may assume this responsibility. Incoming first year Master’s students are to choose their apprenticeship supervisor by the first week in October. Students may change supervisors, with the consent of a new supervisor obtained in writing.

5. The unit value of Research Apprenticeship is 1.5 to 4.5. Students in the clinical program are required to take 3.0 units of PSYC 502 (equivalent to 3 hours of class plus 6 hours of preparation in each of two semesters) during the Master’s degree. Students in the Social program normally take 3.0 units of 502. The calibre of the 502 activity should be commensurate with a pilot project for the Master’s thesis, and may qualify as part of the Master’s thesis research.

6. First year Master’s students and PhD students who hold a Master’s degree without thesis are required to take the research apprenticeship.

Registration in PSYC 502 requires submission of a Graduate Pro Forma course form. When completing the form, the supervisor and student should discuss the frequency of meetings, responsibilities, goals, and mode of evaluation. This should include some form of feedback in the middle of the term as to the student’s progress and standing. Information on the form must include the method of evaluation and deadlines. The form should be submitted to the departmental Administrative Officer for review. They will then pass it to the Graduate Advisor for signature and transmission to GARO.
When you ask the Graduate Advisor to sign a Request for Oral Examination, the Advisor will ask to see a copy of the completed thesis. You should make this ROE signature request with enough lead time to allow you to make the required changes in format.


The Department of Psychology requires that theses and dissertations be judged acceptable only if they are presented in the form of a well-written paper reporting the results of scholarly research. To make this statement of principle of some practical value for the evaluation of theses the following interpretation of terms is recommended:

“Acceptable”. To be acceptable means that a thesis is judged satisfactory by the majority of the faculty of the Department of Psychology and representatives of the faculty at the University of Victoria. Generally, approval of the Department and the University is conveyed by the signatures on the thesis by the members of the thesis committee, the Department Chair, and the Dean of Graduate Studies, acting as representatives of the Department and the University respectively.

“Well-written”. For a thesis to be well-written implies that the general standards of English grammar, composition, punctuation, and spelling have been satisfied. But more than this, it is implied that the appropriate audiences (psychologists generally, and members of other disciplines that share a common interest in the thesis topic) can read the thesis and gain a clear understanding of the material being presented.

“Paper”. A paper is a type-written manuscript presented in a consistent format. Minimal standards have been established by the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

“Research”. Research is a careful and systematic study and investigation conducted within the discipline of psychology. At the discretion of the supervisory committee, the nature of the research can include laboratory experimentation (involving the manipulation of variables), correlational studies, field studies, clinical case-studies, historical surveys, literature reviews, or theoretical expositions.

“Results”. The term “results” need not be restricted to empirically derived data. Consistent with the broad interpretation of research given above, results can be in the form of basic principles, challenging ideas, or novel points of view.

“Scholarly”. Scholarship is the crucial criterion of an acceptable thesis. Scholarly work must demonstrate a thorough knowledge of the research being reported, accuracy in the way in which information is presented, and the exercise of critical thought in the investigations and conclusions offered in the thesis.
SUGGESTED FORMAT FOR THESES REPORTING EMPIRICAL RESEARCH

Empirical theses written for the Department of Psychology will follow the recommendations of the most recent edition of the APA Publication Manual except for allowances for the fact that journal editors and thesis supervisory committees are subject to different pressures, rules and regulations. Some of the rules in the manual are for the convenience of printers; these rules are irrelevant to the thesis. Authors of theses and dissertations should read the appendix of the APA Manual. Among other items of interest are the following points:

- Single-spacing can be used for table titles and headings, figure captions, references (but double-spacing is required between references), footnotes, and long quotations. Long quotations may also be indented five spaces.
- A journal editor is often very concerned about brevity. This concern extends beyond the written text in keeping the number of tables and figures at a minimum. Journal papers may be very expensive, but the space-cost problem is not usually a major consideration in writing a thesis.
- Journal articles are often written for fellow professionals and may assume substantial knowledge on the part of the reader as far as knowledge of the specific speciality of the journal is concerned. This is often not a good assumption to make in writing a thesis. Therefore, one should not hesitate to include an extra sentence or even a paragraph to fully define or explain a concept or procedure. To ascertain the necessity of elaborate definition it is suggested that you have people not in your specialty read what you have written. Consult your supervisor for guidance, particularly with respect to dissemination of unpublished results.
- At present there is a trend away from using code names for treatment groups, concepts and procedures. Therefore, we recommend that only widely used and understood symbols and abbreviations be used in thesis writing.

1. Organization and Content

Introductory chapter(s): Typically, the first portion of the thesis contains a logical argument. This often takes the form of a review of literature relevant to the thesis topic and a specific statement of the thesis problem. At least three chapters may be related to the introduction (Introduction, Review of the Literature, Theory) although in the Master’s thesis these are often integrated into a single chapter. The number of chapters is to be decided by the candidate and his or her committee.

Method: It must be possible to replicate the study on the basis of the description of the subjects, stimulus materials, and procedures. Certain details of the method, such as lengthy instructions, should be placed in an appendix. Generally, metric units are to be employed in the description of stimuli.

Results: When relatively rare or complicated techniques (e.g., discriminant analysis) are employed, some explanation of the procedure should be included.
Figures and tables must be fully labelled so that they can stand alone from the text. If used, code names for groups of subjects or dependent variables (and their transformations) must be fully defined. Reference to the tables and figures must be made in the text.

Data and summaries of statistical analyses should be tabled and given space in the text commensurate with their importance. Relatively trivial data or analyses should be tabled in an appendix. Regardless of the location of the table, there must be specific mention of the table in the text. For example, “Analysis of variance of the reaction time scores indicated that there were no significant main effects or interactions (see Table 12, Appendix A), or “Table 12 gives the mean reaction time scores...”

Discussion: The length and content of this chapter are decided by the candidate and his or her committee. However, it is appropriate to include a discussion of (a) the generality of the results you have obtained and (b) suggestions for further research. A summary of the research may be included in the discussion chapter or written as a separate chapter.

References: The APA Manual will be followed in general and all journal titles will be written out in full.

Appendices: As indicated above, materials of secondary importance or materials which require extensive tabulation should be listed in an appendix.

FORMAT GUIDELINES APPLY TO DRAFTS PRESENTED AT ORAL EXAMINATIONS

The Faculty of Graduate Studies operates on the expectation that any revisions to the thesis or dissertation subsequent to the oral examination will be of a minor nature. The copy of the thesis or dissertation that the student presents for evaluation at the oral defence should therefore be a formal one that complies with all requirements of the Department and Faculty of Graduate Studies. It follows that all members of the committee should have carefully reviewed the pre-oral defence draft with the candidate before the formal version is prepared.
9. Appendix C: AUTHORSHIP CREDIT & OWNERSHIP OF AND ACCESS TO DATA

Guidelines prepared by Grad Exec; adopted by the Psych. Department, 18 November 2003.

2. Preamble

Publishing is the essence of science, and learning to publish is an important component of learning to conduct scientific research. Within the department, there are many instances of multi-authored publications, and it is important for the ethics of authorship to be explicit and relatively uniform, particularly as they apply to publications co-authored by supervisors and graduate students.

This document contains the following information: (1) the policy for publication credit developed over many years by the American Psychological Association (APA) that guides the professional conduct of all psychologists; (2) UVic policy about data ownership and intellectual property; (3) departmental guidelines related to these policies; and (4) best practices and recommendations for negotiating authorship credit, taken from an article by Fine and Kurdek (1993).

These guidelines apply to all members of the Department of Psychology.

3. APA: Ethical Principles of Psychologists and Code of Conduct

Section 1.03 of the Publication Manual of APA (pp. 6-7)(5th Edition, 2001) states:

“Authorship is reserved for people who make a primary contribution to and hold primary responsibility for the data, concepts, and interpretation of results for a published work (Huth, 1987). Authorship encompasses not only those who do the actual writing but also those who have made substantial scientific contributions to a study...

   To prevent misunderstanding and to preserve professional reputations and relationships, it is best to establish as early as possible in a research project who will be listed as an author, what the order of authorship will be, and who will receive an alternative form of recognition.”

For a more extensive discussion of this text, see 8.05 Ethics of Scientific Publication, pp. 348-355 in the Publication Manual of the APA (2001), and especially the section on Publication credit (pp. 350-351). Furthermore, Section 8.12 Publication Credit of the APA Ethics Code 2002 states:

a) Psychologists take responsibility and credit, including authorship credit, only for work they have actually performed or to which they have contributed.

b) Principal authorship and other publication credits accurately reflect the relative scientific or professional contributions of the individuals involved, regardless of their relative status. Mere possession of an institutional position, such as Department Chair, does not justify authorship credit. Minor contributions to the research or to the writing for publications are appropriately acknowledged, such as in footnotes or in an introductory statement.

c) A student is usually listed as principal author on any multiple-authored article that is substantially based on the student’s dissertation or thesis.
4. Data Access and Ownership
This material is excerpted from Section 2.0 Contributions, UVic Policy on Intellectual Property (#1180, Nov 2000):

[Intellectual property] is frequently the result of collaborative or cooperative activities between or among University members. This article deals with the relations between or among several creators of a single work or property.

The University is committed to the Tri-Council position that authorship of published work includes all those who have materially contributed to, and share responsibility for, the contents of the publication, and only those people, and expects compliance with this policy statement by members of this University.

Standards for the discipline, where they exist, should be applied when determining proportionate contributions to a scholarly or creative work. In the event of commercialization, all intellectual contributors to the work should be entitled to share in the proceeds in proportion to their contributions, unless the entitlement to share within the framework of this policy has been willingly waived through informed consent or previously agreed to through a written arrangement...

Student theses, projects, graduating papers and artistic productions are special cases of scholarly work. Students are the primary authors of their creations, but the work is carried out under the supervision of faculty members. Publications or works coming from student research or creative activity must acknowledge appropriately all contributors to the work. The appropriate Dean and the departmental Chair, in consultation with the Dean of Graduate Studies or the Office of the Vice President Research (OVPR), is responsible for ensuring that there is a process to address the students’ interest with respect to: the protection of their IP; the freedom to publish results in open literature; and the discussion of the research or creation in internal venues. Students should not be involved in research or creative activities that conflict with, or jeopardize, their progress toward meeting their degree requirements.

Also, UVic’s Research Policy (#1200, June 2002), states the following:

4.3 No restriction shall unnecessarily prohibit the use of research results by graduate students for theses or other academic purposes related to the completion of their graduate degree.

5. Department Guidelines, Additions and Caveats
1. Timeliness:
   a) Regarding APA principle (c) above (thesis/dissertation research): If a student does not produce the first draft of the manuscript within e.g., 12 months of defending the thesis or dissertation, unless another arrangement has been negotiated in advance, the supervisor can take over the lead and be listed as principal author. The student, however, remains an author on the article.
   
   b) Regarding course and other research activities: The same timeliness is expected for publishing research results produced in courses and other research activities.
2. Any and all papers reporting research performed under the direction of a supervising faculty member (i.e., not necessarily the chair of the student’s supervisory committee) must be submitted to the supervisor for scrutiny before being submitted for publication, for two reasons. First, supervisors retain the right of first refusal on authorship of any work conducted under their supervision. Second, supervisors have the right to prohibit publication of questionable data or interpretations, because supervisors are responsible for the quality of research conducted in their labs.

3. A student can be a sole author or a co-author with other students when the research has not involved a faculty member’s intellectual input. However, research involving human subjects, which must be signed off by a faculty member, is subject to guideline #2 above.

4. All sources of funding for research must be acknowledged.

5. If the supervisor and student cannot agree, even after consultations with peers, on their authorship-related decisions, an ad hoc third party arbitration process should be established in the department beginning with Grad Executive composed of faculty and the student representative.

6. Best Practices & Recommendations
   - abstracted from Fine & Kurdek (1993):

   **6.1. Process Recommendations**
   1. Early in the collaborative endeavour of preparing a paper for publication, the supervisor should provide the student with information related to (a) how authorship decisions are made, (b) the nature of professional and non-professional contributions to publications, (c) the meaning of authorship credit and order, and (d) the importance of both parties agreeing on what contributions will be expected of each collaborator for a given level of authorship credit. This information will provide the student with the knowledge necessary to exercise his or her autonomy and to choose whether to participate in the authorship determination process with the supervisor.

   2. The supervisor and student should assess the specific abilities of each party, the tasks required to complete the scholarly publication, the extent of supervision required, and appropriate expectations for what each collaborator can reasonably contribute to the project.

   3. On the basis of this assessment, the collaborators should discuss and agree on what tasks, contributions, and efforts are required of both parties to warrant joint authorship and to determine the order of authorship.

   4. Agreements regarding authorship credit and order may need to be renegotiated for two reasons. First, scholarly projects often take unexpected turns that necessitate
changes in initial agreements made in good faith. Second, many manuscripts need to be revised substantially before they are accepted for publication. These revisions may require additional professional contributions beyond those necessary for the completion of the initial draft of the manuscript. Thus, when such revisions are required, the supervisor and student should re-examine their original agreement and determine whether it needs to be modified.

6.2. Outcome Recommendations

1. To be included as an author on a scholarly publication, a student should, in a cumulative sense, make a professional contribution that is creative and intellectual in nature, that is integral to completion of the paper, and that requires an overarching perspective of the project. Examples of professional contributions include developing the research design, writing portions of the manuscript, integrating diverse theoretical perspectives, developing new conceptual models, designing assessments, contributing to data analysis decisions, and interpreting results. Such tasks as collecting data, inputting data, carrying out data analyses specified by the supervisor, and typing are not considered professional contributions and may be acknowledged by footnotes to the manuscript.

Fulfillment of one or two of the professional tasks essential to the completion of a collaborative publication does not necessarily justify authorship. Rather, the supervisor and student – in their discussions early in the collaborative process – must jointly decide what combination of professional activities warrants a given level of authorship credit for both parties. By necessity, there will be some variation in which tasks warrant authorship credit across differing research projects.

2. Authorship decisions should be based on the scholarly importance of the professional contribution and not just the time and effort made. In the opinion of Fine and Kurdek, (1993), even if considerable time and effort are spent on a scholarly project, if the aggregate contribution is not judged to be professional by the criteria stated above, authorship should not be granted.

3. Authorship decisions should not be affected by whether students or supervisors were paid for their contributions or by their employment status. It is the nature of the contribution to the article that determines whether authorship credit is warranted and not whether participants received compensation for the efforts.

4. When confronted with ethical dilemmas, we advise supervisors to consult with colleagues when authorship concerns arise. Furthermore, supervisors should encourage their students to do the same, whether with faculty or with student peers. With the informal input generated from such consultations, it is possible that new light will be shed on the issues involved and that reasonable and fair authorship agreements will result.

10. Appendix D: PREVENTION AND RESPONSE TO DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT

Discrimination and harassment are prohibited at the University of Victoria. Members of the University community have the right to work, study and participate in activities at the university in an environment free of discrimination and harassment. All members of the University community are expected to model respectful behaviour and refuse to engage in or condone behavior that qualifies as discrimination or harassment.

UVic strives to prevent discrimination and harassment from taking place, and to act upon complaints of such behaviour promptly, fairly, judiciously and with due regard to confidentiality for all parties concerned. The UVic Discrimination and Harassment Policy governs these issues. For full information and to access the full policy and reporting procedures, please refer to https://www.uvic.ca/equity/discrimination-harassment/index.php

Under the University’s Discrimination and Harassment Policy, UVic recognizes that education about human rights and the development of work and learning cultures that value diversity and inclusion and foster respect are key to preventing discrimination and harassment.

The policy addresses several areas of discrimination and harassment:
- Prohibited grounds of discrimination set out in the British Columbia Human Rights Code
- Sexual harassment
- Personal harassment
- Workplace bullying and harassment for employees

Resources are available if you or someone you know may be facing discrimination or harassment:

Under UVic’s Discrimination and Harassment Policy, any university member who thinks they are experiencing discrimination or harassment has the right to a confidential consultation with the Director of Equity and Human Rights (or their designate). This consultation does not require that the member make a complaint (either formal or informal).

To arrange an appointment for information and confidential support, contact the EQHR Case Management Officer at:
Email: eqhr01@uvic.ca
Phone: 250-721-8786

More contact information related to issues of discrimination, harassment, and sexualized violence are available at: https://www.uvic.ca/equity/discrimination-harassment/contact/index.php
11. Appendix E: SEXUALIZED VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

The University of Victoria implemented its Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy (GV0245) after broad consultation and extensive research. It was created out of the recognition that sexualized violence is a pervasive problem both on and off campus and that the university has an important role to play in both preventing and responding to sexualized violence. Sexualized violence is unacceptable and prohibited conduct at the University of Victoria (UVic) and UVic is committed to supporting respondents of harm, persons alleged to have caused harm, and to providing education and training to create and maintain a healthy social, community, and learning environment at the university.

What is sexualized violence?
UVic’s Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy defines sexualized violence broadly to include a continuum of behaviours that are unacceptable.

“Sexualized violence is any non-consensual, unwanted, actual, attempted, or threatened act or behavior that is carried out through sexual means or by targeting a person’s sex, sexual identity, or gender identity or expression.”

This definition may differ from other institutions, regions, or countries. We encourage everybody to carefully review UVic’s full Policy on Sexualized Violence and Response:


What forms can sexualized violence take
Sexualized violence can take many forms and may or may not involve direct physical contact. This means that sexualized violence can occur verbally, physically, or online. Sexualized violence includes, but is not limited to:

- salacious comments
- sexual assault
- sexual exploitation
- sexual harassment
- stalking
- indecent exposure
- voyeurism
- distribution of sexually explicit images without the consent of the people involved

Sexualized violence may also include unwanted sexualized attention received in person or via text, phone, email as well as chat, social media and dating apps, among other media. This kind of unwanted sexualized attention may include:

- catcalls
sexist remarks or jokes
- transphobic remarks
- leering
- persistent and/or aggressive come-ons
- sending unwanted and unsolicited images or videos

Attitudes and beliefs
Sexualized violence is often rooted in harmful attitudes and beliefs that are sexist, racist, homophobic, ageist, ableist, transphobic, and/or xenophobic. Preventing sexualized violence requires that we address multiple intersecting forms of discrimination and oppression at the same time, through open, informed, and respectful communication. For more information on how we can collectively address harmful attitudes and beliefs, please visit Equity and Human Rights education and initiatives.

What is Consent?
CONSENT is the voluntary agreement to engage in physical contact or sexual activity and to continue to engage in the contact or activity. Consent means that all persons involved demonstrate—through words or actions—that they freely and mutually agree to participate in a contact or activity.

Consent and power relationships
UVic requires every member of our community to practice consent and respect for dignity and diversity of all community members. The university aims to foster an environment in which these are foundational principles. When one person has power over another, consent is undermined. Thus, sexual activity between a student and a faculty member is inherently problematic.

With respect to sexualized contact or activity, the UVic policy outlines the following key criteria: a) consent must be given at the outset of all stages of sexualized contact or activity; b) it is the responsibility of the initiator to obtain ongoing consent; c) consent can be withdrawn at any time by any participant; d) someone who is incapacitated cannot consent, e) there is no consent when one person abuses a position of trust, power, or authority over another person, f) past consent does not imply future consent, g) a person cannot give consent on behalf of another person, h) silence or the absence of a “no” is not consent, i) the absence of perceived resistance is not consent, and j) there is no consent when there is coercion, force, threats or intimidation or when there is fraud or withholding of critical information that could affect a person’s decision to consent.

It is important to also consider consent in other circumstances that many involve physical contact with others. Not everyone experiences a hug or personal touch as welcome and it is important to ask before initiating any form of physical contact with another individual. This same principle applies to other overtures, such as sending sexualized texts or emails. Note that there are complex hierarchies in our relationships and communication-style differences which can make it difficult for some people to verbally say “yes” or “no.” There are other ways, beyond a verbal response, by which individuals may communicate their boundaries. This includes non-verbal body language (e.g., moving away from a touch or embrace) and other indirect communications.
Department of Psychology Graduate Training Handbook

(e.g., changing the subject or not answering directly). Attending and responding to such cues is the responsibility of the person initiating the contact.

**What to do? Get Support!**
If you or someone you know has experienced sexualized violence and there is an immediate health or safety concern, call 9-1-1. If the immediate health or safety concern happened on campus, you should also call Campus Security at 250-721-7599; they are available 24/7 for information and options for support.

UVic provides a variety of different information and support options for those impacted by sexualized violence. We recommend that if you are impacted you contact the Sexualized Violence Resource Office in Equity and Human Rights (EQHR). Their services are for all students, staff and faculty members at UVic.

The office:
- provides information about support options on- and off- campus as well as direct referrals
- provides information and advice about options under the [Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy (GV0245)](https://www.uvic.ca/eqhr/docs/SexualizedViolencePreventionResponsePolicy.pdf)
- receives disclosures
- coordinates on- and off- campus supports
- is the place on campus to file a formal report that could lead to an investigation under the [Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy (GV0245)](https://www.uvic.ca/eqhr/docs/SexualizedViolencePreventionResponsePolicy.pdf)
- coordinates education and prevention efforts on campus for students, faculty and staff
- creates and delivers prevention workshops and presentations

There are other primary options for support on campus, including the [Anti-Violence Project](https://www.uvic.ca/eqhr/anti-violence-project), as well as the [Sexualized Violence Support Group](https://www.uvic.ca/eqhr/support-group) offered through UVic Counselling Services.

**Are you concerned about retaliation?**
According to UVic policy, “retaliation” means any adverse action or threatened action, taken, or made through any means, including through social or other electronic media, against a person who is seeking support or other services pertaining to sexualized violence. It also includes such actions against a person who is associated with anyone who is seeking such support and services.

UVic recognizes the specific barriers and power relationships that may impact a person making a disclosure or report, and is committed to devising strategies that take such barriers and power relationships into account.

Retaliation includes but is not limited to threatening, intimidating, or harassing conduct that could discourage a person from seeking support or other services, Disclosing or Reporting Sexualized Violence, participating in an investigation, or otherwise engaging with this policy.

The UVic Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy is very clear that retaliation is PROHIBITED conduct that will be taken seriously and investigated as a separate matter by the University. Allegations of retaliation can made before, during, or after supports/services for sexualized violence are sought and can be brought forward to the Sexualized Violence Resource Office (SVRO)/Equity and Human Rights Office (EHQR).
What are the options for resolution?
According to UVic policy, all those who are alleged to have caused harm and all respondents can expect to: a) be treated with compassion, dignity, and respect, b) be informed of resources and support services, c) go through a fair and unbiased process, d) receive a clear explanation of the process, options, and potential outcomes, e) have an opportunity to engage in Voluntary Resolution Processes (when deemed appropriate and permissible), and f) receive trauma-informed, non-judgemental, and empathetic communications.

The “Voluntary Resolution Process” is facilitated by EQHR and agreed to by the complainant, the respondent, and the University. The purpose of a Voluntary Resolution Process is to respond to a disclosure or report. This process is not disciplinary and does not result in a determination of whether the Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy has been breached. A Voluntary Resolution Process is by definition ‘voluntary’ and can be terminated by the wishes of any of the parties, including the University.

If a voluntary resolution process is not achieved, reporting and investigation conducive to a dispute resolution process can take place and various sanctions may be imposed from written apologies and education through to suspensions or eviction from the University.

Details about the voluntary resolution process can be found under the Policy, Section 17.

Where else can I get some answers to my concerns and questions?

Sexualized Violence Resource Office
Location: Sedgewick C119, Equity and Human Rights office
250-721-8021
svpcoordinator@uvic.ca
Call or email to book a phone or virtual meeting.

For a quick guide for staff and faculty members, you can visit:
https://www.uvic.ca/sexualizedviolence/assets/docs/guide.pdf

To access the full details of the policy, you can visit:
Sexualized Violence Prevention and Response Policy (GV0245)

Equity and Human Rights Office
Location: Sedgewick C115
250-721-8488
eghr01@uvic.ca
Call or email to book a phone or virtual meeting
12. Appendix F: GRADUATE STUDENT REPRESENTATIVE AND LEADERSHIP ROLES IN THE DEPARTMENT

The purpose of having graduate student representatives on various department committees is to give graduate students a voice and a venue to express their opinions and concerns and to provide feedback about various aspects of their graduate program experience in the Psychology Department at UVic. Graduate students can, of course, communicate directly (formally or informally) with any faculty member, but having graduate student representation on various department committees ensures that graduate students have the opportunity to play an active role in their graduate education and it provides professional development experience in the area of university administration.

Psychology Graduate Student Council (PGSC):

The PGSC (est. 2019) is an organization of graduate students in the Department of Psychology at the University of Victoria. Its mandate includes:

- Promoting and representing graduate student interests within the Department of Psychology.
- Hosting monthly council meetings open to all psychology graduate students to discuss issues and voice concerns.
- Putting forward at departmental meetings: issues of concern to graduate students.
- Fostering an inclusive and strong sense of community within the department, which may include: organization and support for: social events, new student orientation, professional development events, seminars, workshops, research collaboration
- Committing to promoting graduate student work, in collaboration with the department as opportunities arise (example: monthly seminar series).

Information on PGSC roles and contact information for current representatives available at:
Website: https://onlineacademiccommunity.uvic.ca/pgsc/
Email: pgsc.uvic@gmail.com

Ombuddy

- A peer (better if this is a more senior student) who is available to discuss a problem/concern, offer advice, and serve as an advocate on behalf of the student (only if requested to do so!), on a confidential basis.
- Liaison with the UVic Ombudperson, Maureen Campbell (ombuddy@uvic.ca) (https://uvicombudsperson.ca/; 721-8357; SUB B 205) who is a great source of info and help. The UVic Ombuddy is funded by the UVic Student Society (UVSS) and the Graduate Student Society (GSS).
Clinical reps

- Two student reps (one from the clinical neuropsych and the other from the clinical lifespan programs) – reps are selected by the clinical students (this is organized separately by the outgoing clinical reps)
- Main duties are
  - Attend monthly SCCT meetings as representatives of clinical students to the clinical faculty regarding program related issues

4. Psychology Reps outside of the Department

- GSS: see https://gss.uvic.ca/about-gss/get-involved/ for information

- CPA: see the following for information (student must be a member of CPA and the student section of CPA): http://www.cpa.ca/students/studentrepresentatives/. The CPA rep is generally elected for a 2 year term.
13. Appendix G: PREPARING TO DEFEND YOUR THESIS OR DISSERTATION

Students are sometimes uncertain about these deadlines so we have put together these guidelines for the process leading up to the completion of the thesis or dissertation. Note: the submission process often takes longer than you think.

In order to meet these deadlines, please be aware of the following required steps and timelines; you should count on the defense process taking approximately two (2) months:

1. Consult the Faculty of Graduate Studies website (Resources) for guidance on preparing your thesis/dissertation.

2. First, your supervisor must confirm with you that your thesis is ready to be submitted to your committee for review (it will have already gone through a series of revisions before you submit it to your committee).

3. Your committee requires at least two weeks to read your final thesis (be sure to also allow yourself sufficient time to make further revisions).

4. In consultation with your supervisor, an external examiner (EE) is selected (MSc: within UVic but outside of Psychology; PhD: outside of UVic). It is your supervisor’s role to contact the EE.

5. The student and the committee will decide on a date for the oral that is convenient for everyone (including the External Examiner) that is at least 4 to 6 weeks in the future. Department or Graduate Secretary can assist with booking a room.

6. Once your committee has agreed that your thesis or dissertation is “ready to defend”, you will obtain the signatures of the committee and the Graduate Advisor on the Request for Oral Examination. ROE Doctoral or ROE Masters

7. Make an appointment to obtain the Graduate Advisor’s signature on the ROE five business days in advance to the ROE deadline. Be sure to review the Graduate Advisor Checklist before your meeting and bring the following materials to this meeting: a) completed ROE form, b) withholding form, c) human ethics approval/waiver, d) External Examiner’s CV for the PhD defence, e) External Examiner Arm’s Length Form – PhD only and f) send PDF of thesis/dissertation to Grad Advisor psycgadv@uvic.ca. Before submitting ROE please ensure Karen Kienapple, Graduate Secretary has a copy of the form and other supporting documentation and send her an electronic copy of your thesis or dissertation to psychgrd@uvic.ca.

8. Once your ROE and supporting documents are complete and you are ready to submit they can be sent electronically to the Faculty of Graduate Studies. Please contact Graduate Secretary for the correct contact as this does change from time to time. Please note the Dean’s Office requires at least 20 working days for Master’s and 30 working days for
PhD between the submission of the ROE and thesis/dissertation to Grad Studies and the date of the defence (do not count the day of the defense and be sure to skip holidays and weekends when you count).

(9) Ensure you register for UVicSpace. Later, after the oral exam and the final thesis have been approved, you will utilize UVicSpace to digitally submit your final, approved thesis.

(10) If you are planning to continue to the PhD, ensure you complete the online application and pay the application fee. Check with graduate secretary about the application process. No other documentation is required, but the application must be completed.

(11) Once you have successfully defended your thesis, you should allow at least two weeks for revisions and final approval from your supervisor and/or committee (therefore, plan to defend by mid-April if you want to complete your degree in the spring term, by mid-August if you want to complete your degree in the summer term and by mid-December if you want to complete your degree in the fall term.

(12) When all revisions are complete you need to upload your final thesis/dissertation to UVicSpace. The Graduate Secretary will send the following forms to GARO electronically:
   a. the letter recommending your graduation (signed by your supervisor and department chair)
   b. thesis/dissertation approval form

(13) The next deadlines for meeting all degree requirements are 3:00 p.m. January 3, 2022 for fall term (spring 2022 graduation), 3:00 p.m. April 29, 2022 (for spring 2022 graduation) and 3:00 p.m. August 31, 2022 (for fall 2022 graduation). Please note: Graduate Studies allows no exceptions. This means that you must complete your thesis, have your final oral defence, complete revisions and submit a copy of your final version of your thesis along with the necessary documents to GARO by this deadline.

Spring Graduation:

If you are defending in the fall term:

Meeting the January 3, 2022 deadline means that your program will be considered complete as of the end of the Fall term and you will not have to register or pay fees for the Spring term (unless you plan to enter the PhD program in January). You have to apply to graduate by November 15 in order to be eligible for the spring convocation in June.

In order to meet the January 3, 2022 deadline, here is the suggested timeline:

Final draft of your thesis/dissertation to your committee:
   ● MSc: end of October/start of November
   ● PhD: mid-October
ROE form due to Grad Studies: *(NB: count the exact number of days)*
- **MSc**: beginning to mid-November
- **PhD**: end of October/start of November

Date for oral defence:
- First two weeks of December to allow sufficient time for revisions
- Defence must occur **no later than December 15**\(^{th}\)

If you are defending in the **spring term**:

Meeting the **April 29, 2022 deadline** means that your program will be considered complete as of the end of the Spring term and that you will not have to register or pay fees for the Summer term (unless you plan to enter the PhD program in May). You have to apply to graduate by February 15 in order to be eligible for the spring convocation in June.

In order to meet the **April deadline**, here is the suggested timeline:

**Final draft of your thesis/dissertation to your committee:**
- **MSc**: end of February/start of March
- **PhD**: mid-February

ROE form due to Grad Studies: *(NB: count the exact number of days)*
- **MSc**: beginning to mid-March
- **PhD**: end of February/start of March

Date for oral defence:
- First two weeks of April to allow sufficient time for revisions
- Defence must occur **no later than April 15**\(^{th}\)

**Fall Graduation:**

If you are defending in the **summer term**:

Meeting the **August 31, 2022 deadline** means that your program will be considered complete as of the end of the Summer term and that you will not have to register or pay fees for the Fall term (unless you plan to enter the PhD program in September). You have to apply to graduate by July 15 in order to be eligible for the fall convocation in November.

In order to meet the **August deadline**, here is the suggested timeline:

**Final draft of your thesis/dissertation to your committee:**
- **MSc**: end of June/start of July
- **PhD**: beginning to mid-June
ROE form due to Grad Studies: *(NB: count the exact number of days)*
  - **MSc:** mid-July
  - **PhD:** end of June/start of July

Date for oral defense:
  - First two weeks of August to allow sufficient time for revisions
  - Defence must occur **no later than August 15th**
14. Appendix H: MENTAL HEALTH RESOURCES FOR GRADUATE STUDENTS

Many graduate students struggle with mental health issues at one point or another throughout the course of their degrees. If you are struggling with your mental well-being, or know someone who is, please know that there are resources available. We encourage you to reach out in times of distress or crisis.

Resources at the University of Victoria

*University of Victoria Counselling Services*
Offers same day and pre-booked appointments;
Phone: 250-721-8341
Email: counsell@uvic.ca
Website: [www.uvic.ca/services/counselling/](http://www.uvic.ca/services/counselling/)

Resources in Victoria / BC

*Vancouver Island Crisis Line*
The 24-hour Vancouver Island Crisis Line is an Island Health contracted service.
Phone: 1-888-494-3888
Website: [https://www.vicrisis.ca/](https://www.vicrisis.ca/)

*MindHealthBC*
MindHealthBC gathers a wealth of evidence-based resources available in the community and combines them into one easy to use website; provides resources specific to supporting others in addition to resources for those seeking help for themselves.
Website: mindhealthbc.ca

*Open Mind*
Provides mental health resources for young adults and youth who may be experiencing new challenges, experiences, and pressures.
Website: openmindbc.ca

*Foundry Victoria*
Foundry Victoria offers young people (aged 12-24) access to mental health and substance use support, primary care, peer support and social services
Website: [https://foundrybc.ca/victoria](https://foundrybc.ca/victoria)
Phone: 250-383-3552
Email: office@foundryvictoria.ca

*Suicide Crisis Line*
Phone: 1-800-SUICIDE (1-800-784-2433)
310Mental Health Support Line
Program offered through HealthLink BC that provides emotional support, information and resources specific to mental health.
Phone: 310-6789 (no area code needed)

Youthspace.ca
An emotional and crisis support chat available to anyone across Canada under the age of 30; anonymous support is provided by trained volunteers.
Website: youthspace.ca

CrisisCentreChat.ca
CrisisCentreChat.ca is a service operated by the Crisis Centre of BC. It offers an online chat service for adults 25+; people can chat one-on-one with trained volunteers. This chat service offers free, confidential, non-judgmental support to individuals in emotional distress – from noon-1am daily.
15. Appendix I: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE: AREAS AND INDIVIDUALIZED PROGRAMS

15.1. Cognition and Brain Sciences
The Cognition and Brain Sciences (CABS) area emphasizes the study of the nature of the representations and processes that give rise to mental events, and the influence of memory for past mental events on subsequent experience and behaviour.

The Cognition and Brain Sciences program has a number of additional course requirements (most recently updated in June 2017), beyond those required by the Department (which includes 3.0 units of stats/methods for each degree; 1.5 to 3.0 units of 502 for the MSc; 6.0 units of 599 (thesis); 3.0 units of 693 (candidacy exam) for the PhD; 15.0 units of 699 (dissertation). These include:

15.1.1. Additional CABS M.Sc. Requirements
- At least two of PSYC 576A, D or E (1.5 units each) Cognitive Processes (if offered in first two years of program)
- A minimum of 1.5 units of PSYC 504
- PSYC 577 each Winter session in residence.

15.1.2. Additional CABS Ph.D. Requirements
- At least one of PSYC 576A, D or E (1.5 units) Cognitive Processes. The topic(s) must be different than those used to meet the Masters-level requirement (Handbook 2.5.1.1), though the title of the course may not be different. Two courses (from PSYC 576A, D, or E, 1.5 units) are required if only 1 is taken in the Master’s
- At least 1.5 units of PSYC 602
- At least 1.5 units of 604
- PSYC 577 each Winter session in residence

15.1.3. Elective CABS courses
Elective courses may be selected with the approval of the student’s supervisory committee (see Handbook 2.6.2)

15.2. Lifespan, Health, and Development
The Lifespan, Health, and Development area emphasizes the study of basic developmental and aging processes and the different factors that influence developmental and health outcomes at each phase of the life cycle.

The Lifespan, Health, and Development program has a number of additional course requirements (most recently updated in May 2018), beyond those required by the Department (which includes 3.0 units of stats/methods for each degree; 1.5 to 3.0 units of 502 for the MSc; 6.0 units of 599 (thesis); 3.0 units of 693 (candidacy exam) for the PhD; 15.0 units of 699 (dissertation). These include:

15.2.1. Additional Lifespan M.Sc. Requirements
- PSYC 560 Research Methods in Lifespan Psychology (1.5)
- PSYC 561 Theories and Methods in Lifespan Development (1.5)
One of:
- PSYC 562 Infancy and Childhood (1.5)
- PSYC 563 Adult Development and Aging (1.5)
- PSYC 568 Adolescence (1.5)

15.2.2. *Additional Lifespan Ph.D. Requirements*
- PSYC 564 Advanced Analysis of Change and Variation in Lifespan Development
- Two of (unless taken in the Master’s):
  - PSYC 562 Infancy and Childhood (1.5)
  - PSYC 563 Adult Development and Aging (1.5)
  - PSYC 568 Adolescence (1.5)

15.2.3. *Elective Lifespan Courses*
Elective courses may be selected with the approval of the student’s supervisory committee (see *Handbook 2.6.2*).

15.2.4. *Additional notes for Lifespan Statistics/Methods Requirement*
PSYC 564 may be applied to the Department’s Statistics and Research Methods requirements.

15.3. *Social Psychology*
The Social Psychology area emphasizes the study of individuals' cognitions, feelings, and behaviours in self-reflection and interaction with others.

The Social Psychology program has a number of additional course requirements (most recently updated in January 2019), beyond those required by the Department (which includes 3.0 units of stats/methods for each degree; 1.5 to 3.0 units of 502 for the MSc; 6.0 units of 599 (thesis); 3.0 units of 693 (candidacy exam) for the PhD; 15.0 units of 699 (dissertation). These include:

15.3.1. *Additional Social M.Sc. Requirements*
- PSYC 520 Survey of Social Psychology (1.5), if offered in first 2 years of program
- PSYC 527 Research Methods in Social Psychology (1.5), if offered in first 2 years of program
- Plus 1.5 units of electives, selected with approval of the student’s Supervisory Committee (see *Handbook 2.6.2*). Recommended electives include:
  - PSYC 507 Personality (1.5)
  - PSYC 518 Psychometric Methods (1.5)
  - PSYC 521 Human Motivation (1.5)
  - PSYC 526 Special Topics in Personality and Social Psychology (1.5)
  - PSYC 530 The Social Self (1.5)
  - PSYC 555A Environmental Psychology of the Built Environment
  - PSYC 555B The Psychology of Nature, Sustainability, and Climate Change
15.3.2. **Additional Social Ph.D. Requirements**
- PSYC 520 Survey of Social Psychology (1.5), if offered in first 3 years of program and not taken during the Masters
- PSYC 527 Research Methods in Social Psychology (1.5), if offered in first 3 years of program and not taken during the Masters

15.3.3. **Additional Notes on Social Course Offerings**
- PSYC 527 may be applied to the Department’s Statistics and Research Methods requirements (at the PhD level only)
- Students in the Social Program normally take 3.0 units of PSYC 502

15.4. **Clinical Psychology**
Training in Clinical Psychology is offered with specialization in human neuropsychology or lifespan development. The Clinical Lifespan track emphasizes the social, cognitive, and emotional development of individuals from childhood through late adulthood. The Clinical Neuropsychology track focuses on brain organization and the impact of brain dysfunction on various aspects of cognitive, behavioural, and emotional functioning. Students will have access to clinical training and courses only if they have been admitted to the Clinical Psychology program. Students in this program must consult and be guided by the [Manual for the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology](#).

15.4.1. **Clinical Training**
Clinical training includes a one-year pre-doctoral internship at an American Psychological Association (APA) or Canadian Psychological Association (CPA) accredited internship site.

All registrations in clinical practica (Psyc 503, 505, 603) must be approved by the Clinical Practicum Coordinators. Registration for clinical internship (Psyc 606) must be approved by the Director of Clinical Training.

Students planning to practice as Psychologists in B.C. or other provinces should be aware of the requirements for eligibility for professional registration (for B.C. see: [http://www.collegeofpsychologists.bc.ca/](http://www.collegeofpsychologists.bc.ca/)) and should be sure to include the required courses in their programs. Registration is required by law for use of the title “psychologist” and for the practice of clinical psychology.

Additional core requirements are needed for students admitted for clinical training. These requirements are specified in [Manual for the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology](#), which is also available from the Clinical Director.

15.4.2. **Undergraduate Competence Requirements**
All students entering a Master’s or Ph.D. in the Clinical Psychology program must satisfy the undergraduate competency requirements (UCRs). The purpose of each UCR is to ensure a minimum competence across fundamental areas of general Psychology; it may also serve as a prerequisite for graduate-level courses.

1. UCRs must be satisfied in the student’s first two years in the graduate program.
2. Clinical students must satisfy UCRs in four areas, and should consult Section 1 of the Manual for the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology.

3. All UCR decisions and arrangements must be approved by the Graduate Advisor. To this end, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SUPERVISOR AND THE STUDENT to consult on this matter early in September.

4. Following consultation between the student and the supervisor, the student and supervisor submit a memo to the Graduate Advisor listing the manner in which each area requirement will be satisfied.

5. This submission should be completed as early as possible, certainly before the “last day of the period for adding courses that begin in the first term”. The purpose of this timing is to ensure that the student will have a good chance of registering in a course that may be offered only in the first term.

6. Students must consult with the Manual for the Graduate Program in Clinical Psychology for additional requirements and/or exemptions in compliance with accreditation requirements of APA and CPA. UCR form

15.5. Individualized Programs
The Department of Psychology has a long tradition of individualized graduate study. In general, degree requirements are similar to those for degrees in the other established areas. Each individualized program of study does have a particular focus, which must be compatible with the research interests of the supervisor.

There are no additional requirements for Individualized Programs (beyond total units and basic departmental and university requirements) as each program is tailored to the interests and needs of the students. Students should consult with their supervisor regarding course selection.