Transcription and Musical Interpretation of a Breviary Fragment

By Alina Blank with Musical Assistance by Katie Blank

UVic's Fragm.Lat.18 is a leaf from a noted Breviary featuring three responsorial chants from the Matins of Christmas: Orietur in diebus Domini abundantia, Veritas de terra orta, and O magnum mysterium. All three are traditional Gregorian chants in the vocal range of a typical male adult.

> Victoria, McPherson Library, Fragm.Lat.18 Acc. 1942-045, Item #10 Fragment from a Noted Breviary s. XVI² Spain

Recto



23

in diebus domini habundancia pacis et dominabitur A(ntiphona) Veritas de terra orta est et iusticia de celo prospexit p(salmus) B(e)n(e)dixisti R(esponsa) O magnum misterium et Ad mira-

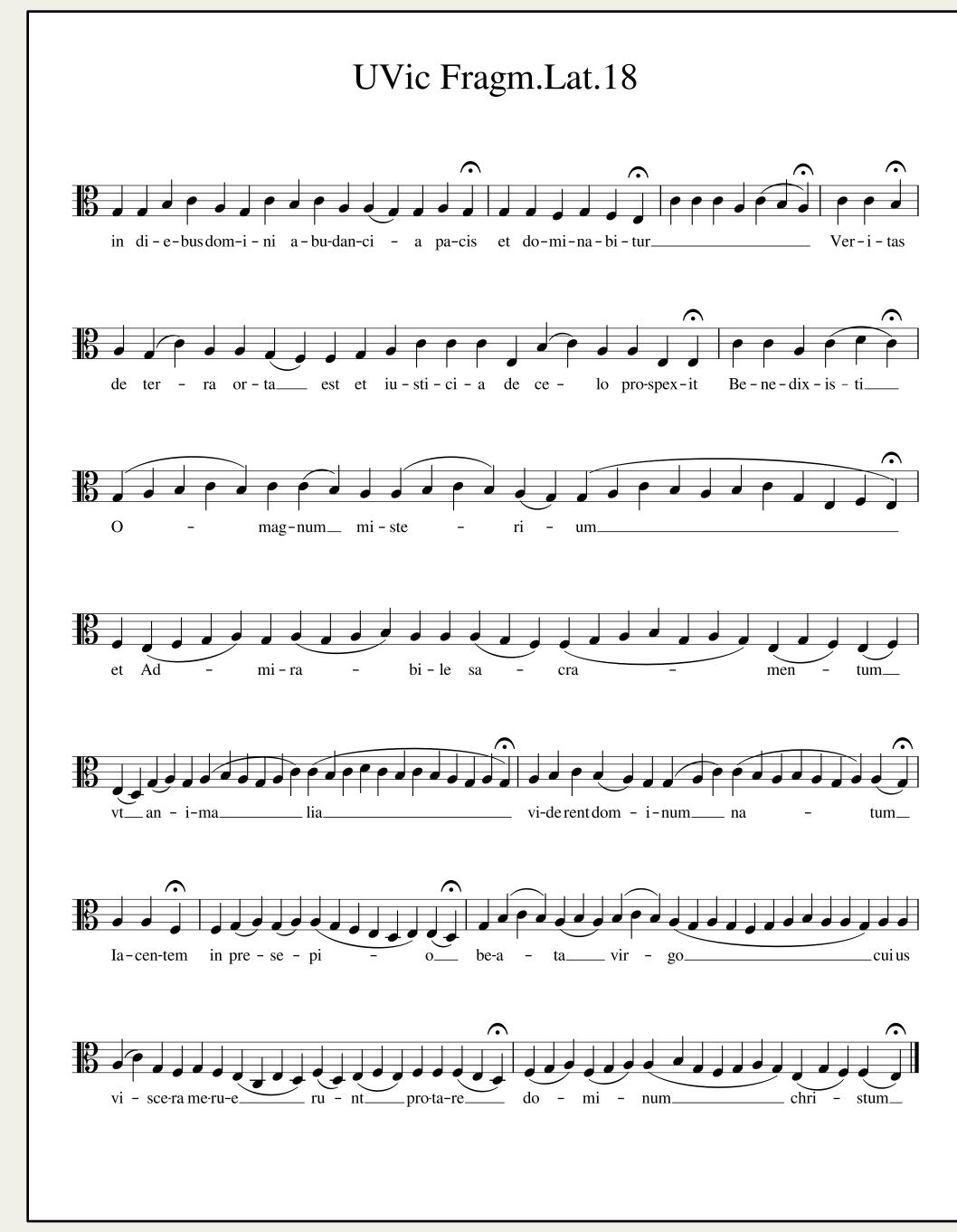
- Lines 1-3 are the end of *Orietur in diebus Domini* abundantia.
- Lines 3-5 are *Veritas de terra orta* (as antiphon).
- Lines 6-7 are the beginning of O magnum mysterium (as response).
- The "h" of "habundancia" is blotted out, possibly as a spelling correction indicating special concern with dialect and pronunciation.



bile sacramentum vt Animalia viderent dominum natum lacentem in presepio beata virgo cuius viscera meruerunt protare dominum christu(m)

- The entirety of the verso is the remainder of O magnum mysterium.
- The "custos," a symbol marking the first note of the following line, is found at the end of each stave throughout the fragment.
- The final custos, and therefore the first note of the next (missing) page, is a C.

Modern Musical Interpretation



- Fragm.Lat.18 utilizes four staves with a C clef at the top, allowing the most frequently used notes by male voices to appear.
- We chose to retain the C clef, but otherwise used modern musical notation to allow for easier sight reading by modern singers.
- The eleventh note on line 7 of the verso (B) may be a mistake as it resembles a custos more than a note.

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