

PROGRAMME

The Final Oral Examination for the Degree of

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY (Department of Mathematics & Statistics)

Michelle Edwards

2006 University of Victoria MSc (Math) 2004 University of Victoria BSc (Math)

"Vertex-Criticality and Bicriticality for Independent Domination and Total Domination in Graphs"

Thursday, March 19, 2015 10:00 A.M. Human and Social Development, room A264

Supervisory Committee:

Dr. Gary MacGillivray, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, UVic (Supervisor)

Dr. Jing Huang, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, UVic (Member)
Dr. Kieka Mynhardt, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, UVic
(Member)

Dr. Ulrike Stege, Department of Computer Science, UVic (Outside Member)

External Examiner:

Dr. Bert Hartnell, Department of Mathematics & Computer Science, St. Mary's University, Halifax

Chair of Oral Examination:

Dr. Ignace Ng, Peter B. Gustavson School of Business, UVic

Abstract

For any graph parameter, the removal of a vertex from a graph can increase the parameter, decrease the parameter, or leave the parameter unchanged. This dissertation focuses on the case where the removal of a vertex decreases the parameter for the cases of independent domination and total domination. A graph is said to be *independent domination vertex-critical*, or i-critical, if the removal of any vertex decreases the independent domination number. Likewise, a graph is said to be *total domination vertex-critical* if the removal of any vertex decreases the total domination number. Following these notions, a graph is *independent domination bicritical*, or i-bicritical, if the removal of any two vertices decreases the independent domination number, and a graph is *total domination bicritical* if the removal of any two vertices decreases the total domination number. Additionally, a graph is called *strong independent domination bicritical*, or strong i-bicritical, if the removal of any two independent vertices decreases the independent domination number.

Construction results for i-critical graphs, i-bicritical graphs, strong i-bicritical graphs, total domination critical graphs, and total domination bicritical graphs are studied. Many known constructions are extended to provide necessary and sufficient conditions to build critical and bicritical graphs. New constructions are also presented, with a concentration on i-critical graphs. One particular construction shows that for any graph G, there exists an i-critical, i-bicritical, and strong i-bicritical graph H such that G is an induced subgraph of H. Structural properties of i-critical graphs, i-bicritical graphs, total domination critical graphs, and total domination bicritical graphs are investigated, particularly for the connectedness and edge-connectedness of critical and bicritical graphs. The coalescence construction, which has appeared in earlier literature, constructs a graph with a cut-vertex and this construction is studied in great detail for i-critical graphs, i-bicritical graphs, total domination critical graphs, and total domination bicritical graphs. It is also shown that strong i-bicritical graphs are 2-connected and thus the coalescence construction is not useful in this case.

Domination vertex-critical graphs (graphs where the removal of any vertex decreases the domination number) have been studied in the literature. A well-known result gives an upper bound on the diameter of such graphs. Here similar techniques are used to provide upper bounds on the diameter for i-critical graphs, strong i-bicritical graphs, and total domination critical graphs. The upper bound for the diameter of i-critical graphs trivially gives an upper bound for the diameter of i-bicritical graphs.

For a graph G, the gamma-graph of G is the graph where the vertex set is the collection of minimum dominating sets of G. Adjacency between two minimum dominating sets in the gamma-graph occurs if from one minimum dominating set a vertex can be removed and replaced with a vertex to arrive at the other minimum dominating set. One can think of adjacency between minimum dominating sets in the gamma-graph as a swap of two vertices between minimum dominating sets. In the single vertex replacement adjacency model these two vertices can be any vertices in the minimum dominating sets, and in the slide adjacency model these two vertices must be adjacent in G. (Hence the gamma-graph obtained from the slide adjacency model is a subgraph of the gamma-graph obtained in the single vertex replacement adjacency model.) Results for both adjacency models are presented concerning the maximum degree, the diameter, and the order of the gamma-graph when G is a tree.

Awards, Scholarships, Fellowships

2006 - NSERC PGS-D

2004 - NSERC Undergraduate Student Research Award

2000 - University of Victoria Entrance Scholarship

2000 - Provincial Scholarship

2000 - University Women's Club Mathematics & Statistics Award

Presentations (selection)

- 1. <u>Edwards, M.</u> "Independent Domination Bicritical Graphs" CanaDAM 2013, St. John's, NL, June 2013. (oral)
- 2. Edwards, M. "On the Structure of the γ-Graph of a Tree" SIAM Discrete Math 2012, Halifax, NS, June 2012. (oral)
- 3. <u>Edwards, M.</u> "Bicriticality for Independent Domination and Total Domination" SIAM Discrete Math 2010, Austin, TX, June 2010. (oral)
- 4. <u>Edwards, M.</u> "The Diameter of Domination Vertex-Critical Graphs" CanaDAM 2009, Montreal, QC, May 2009. (oral)
- 5. <u>Edwards, M.</u> "Independent Domination Critical and Bicritical Graphs" SIAM Discrete Math 2008, Burlington, VT, June 2008. (oral)
- 6. <u>Edwards, M.</u> "Independent Domination Critical and Bicritical Graphs" Graduate Student Combinatorics Symposium, Davis, CA, April 2008. (oral)

Publications

- 1. <u>Edwards, M.</u>; MacGillivray, G; "The diameter of total domination and independent domination vertex-critical graphs." *Australasian J. Combin.*, **2012** (52), 33-39.
- 2. <u>Edwards, M.</u>; Mynhardt, K.; "Acyclic orientations and monotonicity in graphs." *JCMCC*, **2010** (73), 15-29.
- 3. <u>Edwards, M.</u>; Hou, X.; "Paired domination vertex critical graphs." *Graphs Combin.*, **2008** (24), no. 5, 453-459.
- 4. Edwards, M; Gibson, R. G.; Henning, M. A.; Mynhardt, C. M.; "On paired-domination edge critical graphs." *Australasian J. Combin.*, **2008** (40), 279-292.
- 5. <u>Edwards, M.;</u> Howard, L.; "A survey of graceful trees." *Atlantic Electronic Journal of Mathematics*, **2006** (1), no.1, 5-30.
- 6. Berenbrink, P.; Chan, B.; <u>Edwards, M</u>; Liao, R. J.; Lobb, J.; Vilen, A.; "A game theoretical approach to modelling network growth." *Proceedings of the 7th PIMS-MITACS Graduate Industrial Math Modelling Camp*, **2004**, 31-38.