Notice of the Final Oral Examination
for the Degree of Master of Arts

of

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BA (University of Victoria, 2011)

“Co-Management Re-Conceptualized: Human-Land Relations in the Stein Valley, British Columbia”

School of Environmental Studies

Thursday, April 30, 2015
9:30 A.M.
David Turpin Building
Room 247

Supervisory Committee:
Dr. Wendy Wickwire, School of Environmental Studies, University of Victoria (Supervisor)
Dr. Michael M’Gonigle, School of Environmental Studies, UVic (Member)
Dr. Jessica Dempsey, School of Environmental Studies, UVic (Additional Member)

External Examiner:
Dr. John Lutz, Department of History, UVic

Chair of Oral Examination:
Dr. Sarah Macoun, School of Exercise, Science, Physical and Health Education, UVic

Dr. David Capson, Dean, Faculty of Graduate Studies
Abstract

Across Canada, and in many places around the world, cooperative management arrangements have become commonplace in land and resource governance. The Stein Valley Nlaka’pamux Heritage Park, located in south-central Interior British Columbia, is one such example. An unlogged, undammed watershed, the Stein Valley became the site and subject of protests over proposed logging between the 1970s and 1990s. It lies within the traditional territories of the Nlaka’pamux Nation and, since its park designation in 1995, has been jointly managed by the Lytton First Nation and the Provincial Government through a Cooperative Management Agreement.

This thesis traces human-land relations throughout the history of the Stein Valley in order to theorize an expanded conception of co-management. The central goal is to understand how various co-management arrangements are formed, contested, and enacted through particular land-use practices, social and institutional interactions, and socioecological relationships. Through a detailed reading of the socio-ecological history of the Stein Valley, drawn from semi-structured interviews and a literature survey, this thesis adds to existing scholarship on B.C. environmental politics. In this project, I locate various co-management practices at work in the Stein Valley region—including but not limited to practices of use, stewardship, and governance compelled by legalistic co management arrangements. Ultimately, this thesis calls for a closer examination of the myriad of practices and relations embedded within land and resource management regimes. In doing so, it resituates the agency of various actors, and their ecological interactions, in producing, governing, and shaping the socio-ecological landscapes we both inhabit and actively create.